



## **SE5416A Series**

## **Industrial Serial Device Server**

## **User's Manual**



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# 1 Preface

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## Purpose of the Manual

This manual supports you during the installation and configuring of the SE5408A/SE5416A Series only, as well as it explains some technical options available with the mentioned product. As such, it contains some advanced network management knowledge, instructions, examples, guidelines and general theories designed to help users manage this device and its corresponding software; a background in general theory is a must when reading it. Please refer to the Glossary for technical terms and abbreviations.

## Who Should Use This User Manual

This manual is to be used by qualified network personnel or support technicians who are familiar with network operations; it might be useful for system programmers or network planners as well. This manual also provides helpful and handy information for first time users. For any related problems please contact your local distributor, should they be unable to assist you, please redirect your inquiries to [www.atop.com.tw](http://www.atop.com.tw) or [www.atop-tech.com](http://www.atop-tech.com).

## Supported Platform

This manual is designed for the SE5408A/SE5416A Series and that model only.

## Warranty Period

We provide a **5 year limited warranty** for SE5408A/SE5416A Series.

## Federal Communications Commission Statement

FCC - This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

### **FCC Warning**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

### **CE Warning**

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take appropriate measures.

## 2 Introduction

---

### 2.1 Product Overview

Many industrial and Commercial devices equipped with slow serial communication ports—RS-232, RS-485, and RS-422—are limited by transmission distance of 15 m. Examples of these devices are PLC controllers, card readers, display signs, security controls, CNC controller, etc. ATOP Technologies has overcome this limit with our new family of SE5416A Series Serial Device Servers. SE5416A Series is designed to transmit data between one-or-more serial devices and one-or-more TCP/IP devices through Ethernet or the optional modem, and hence enhance the accessibility of the serial device through the ubiquitous TCP/IP based Ethernet.

## 2.2 Features

- Dual 10/100Mbps Fast Ethernet for redundancy with full duplex auto negotiation
- Support RAW TCP Server/ TCP Client / UDP / Virtual COM / Tunneling Modes
- Configuration: Built-in Web Server /Serial Console/ Telnet / Windows-based Utility
- Monitor, manage and control industrial field devices remotely

---

### Caution

Beginning from here there will be extreme caution exercised.

---



Never install or work on electrical or cabling during periods of lightning activity. Never connect or disconnect power when hazardous gases are present.



**WARNING:** Disconnect the power and allow to cool 5 minutes before touching.

## 3 Getting Started

---

### 3.1 Model Comparison

Model	Description
SE5408A	8-Port Industrial Serial Device Server, RS-232, AC Inlet, US Plug, Rack Mount
SE5408A-DC	8-Port Industrial Serial Device Server, RS-232, DC TB3, Rack Mount
SE5408A-S5	8-Port Industrial Serial Device Server, RS-422/485, AC Inlet, US Plug, Rack Mount
SE5408A-S5-DC	8-Port Industrial Serial Device Server, RS-422/485, DC TB3, Rack Mount
SE5408A-EU	8-Port Industrial Serial Device Server, RS-232, AC Inlet, EU Plug, Rack Mount
SE5408A-EU-S5	8-Port Industrial Serial Device Server, RS-422/485, AC Inlet, EU Plug, Rack Mount
SE5416A	16-Port Industrial Serial Device Server, RS-232, AC Inlet, US Plug, Rack Mount
SE5416A-DC	16-Port Industrial Serial Device Server, RS-232, DC TB3, Rack Mount
SE5416A-S5	16-Port Industrial Serial Device Server, RS-422/485, AC Inlet, US Plug, Rack Mount
SE5416A-S5-DC	16-Port Industrial Serial Device Server, RS-422/485, DC TB3, Rack Mount
SE5416A-EU	16-Port Industrial Serial Device Server, RS-232, AC Inlet, EU Plug, Rack Mount
SE5416A-EU-S5	16-Port Industrial Serial Device Server, RS-422/485, AC Inlet, EU Plug, Rack Mount

## 3.2 Inside the Package

Inside the product purchased you will find the following items:

Item	Quantity	Description
SE5408A/SE5416A Series	1	Industrial Serial Device Server
RJ-45 to Male DB9 cable	1	Converts RJ-45 serial port to standard DB9
AC Power Cord	1	US or EU models only
Terminal Block	1	Lockable 3-pin Terminal Block for DC models only
Foot Rubbers	4	Attach to the bottom of the device so it will stand solidly on a surface
Rack Mount Kit	1	Mounting kit to mount the device on the 19" Rack
Installation Guide + Warranty Card	1	
CD (Utilities)	1	Inside you will find: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● User's Manual</li><li>● Installation Guide</li><li>● Device Management Utility</li></ul>

---

**Note:** Please notify your sales representative if any of the above items is missing or damaged in any form upon delivery. If your sales representative is unable to satisfy your enquiries, please contact us directly.

---

### 3.3 Panel Layout and Dimensions

#### Front and Rear Panels (SE5408A):

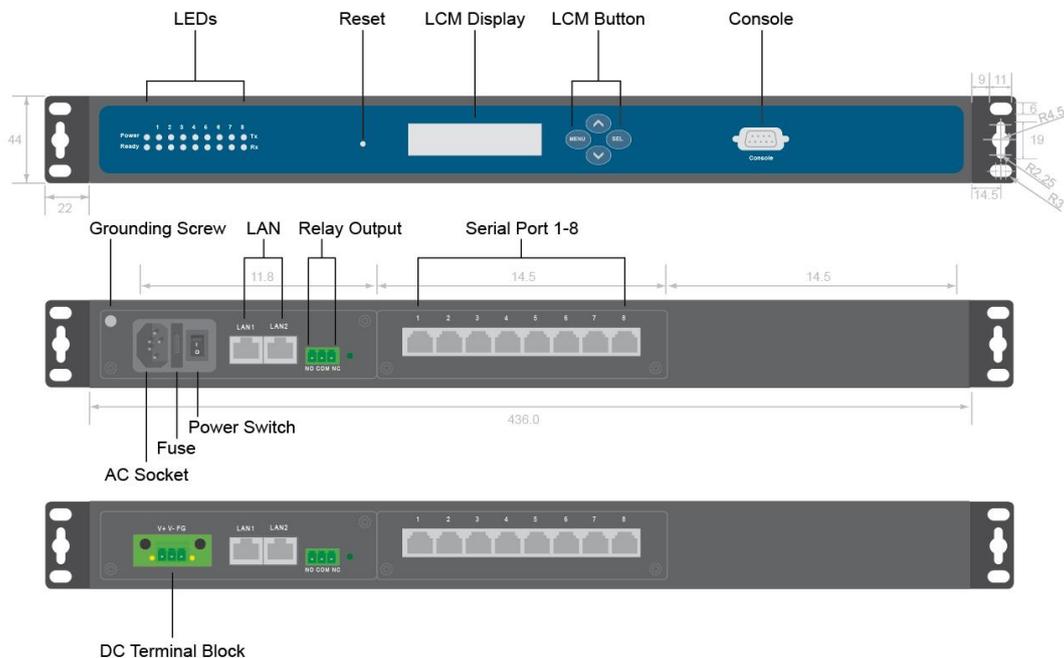


Figure 3.1

#### Front and Rear Panels (SE5416A):

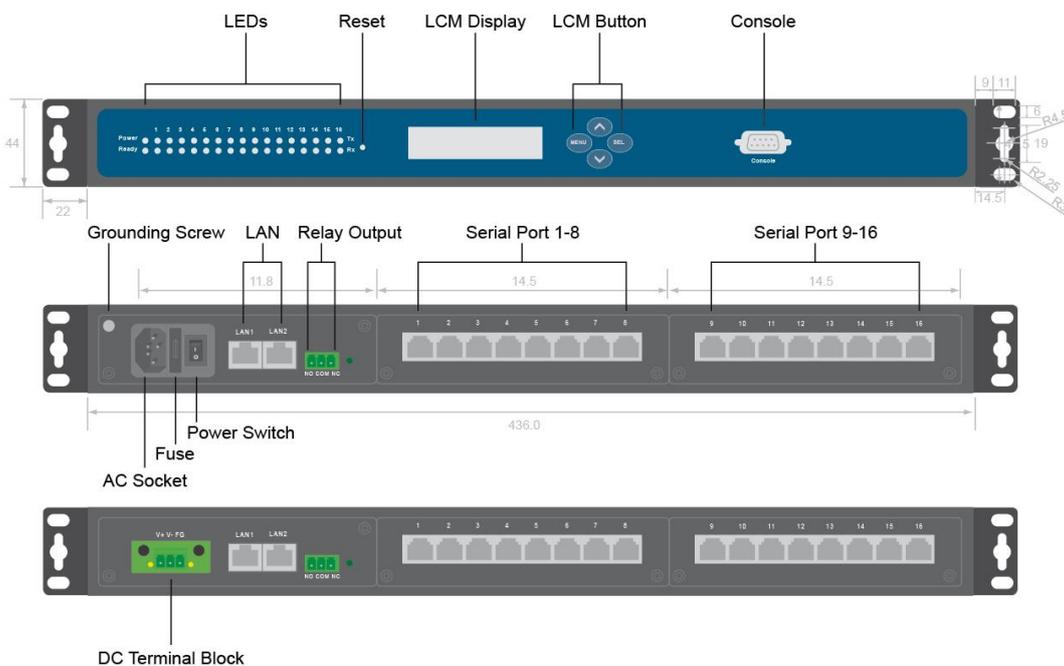


Figure 3.2

## 3.4 First Time Installation

Before installing the device, please adhere to all safety procedures described below, Atop will not be held liable for any damages to property or personal injuries resulting from the installation or overall use of the device. **Do not attempt to manipulate the product in any way if unsure of the steps described here, in such cases please contact your dealer immediately.**

1. Prepare the necessary cables, power cord, LAN cable, serial cable, etc.; **do not connect the unit yet.**
2. Proceed then to plug the power source to the unit.
3. Place the device in the desired location and connect it to the LAN via an Ethernet cable with an RJ45 connector.
4. Connect your computer to the LAN network.

---

**Note:** Remember to please consult your Hardware Installation Guide when attempting an installation. Also, please follow all safe procedures when doing so.

---

## 3.5 User Interface Overview

The SE5416A Series is designed as a device capable of transmitting data between Serial and Ethernet; its user interface is designed intuitively for ease of use to suit the customer needs. The web configuration appears as follows, Figure 3.3. The device can be configured using our Device Management utility also, for more information, refer to Device Management Utility manual.

The screenshot displays the web configuration interface for the SE5416 device. On the left is a dark blue sidebar with the Atop Technologies logo and a menu tree containing: Overview (selected), Network, Serial, Alert, and System. The main content area has a dark blue header with 'SE5416' and a light blue sub-header with 'Overview'. Below this is a description: 'The general device information of Serial Server.' The interface is divided into three sections, each with a green header:

- Device Information**:

Kernel Version	4.12
AP Version	4.14
- Network Information**:

LAN 1	MAC Address	00:60:E9:0A:E5:FE
	IP Address	10.0.50.102
LAN 2	MAC Address	00:60:E9:0A:E5:FF
	IP Address	192.168.1.1
- ERPS Information**:

Ring State	NA
West Port State(Port 1)	NA
East Port State(Port 2)	NA

Figure 3.3

On the left side, a menu-tree appears with all the modes and options available; while on the right side of your screen the contents of each mode/option will be displayed in a graphical state. For more information on each selection please refer to each option's Section throughout the manual. It is also worth noting that as a first step to view your device's overall settings, you should use Device Management Utility© (the utility provided in the CD). There will be however, some buttons which will be present during almost each section.

## 3.6 Factory Default Settings

Upon arrival, the device will be set as follows:

Parameters		Default Values
LAN 1	IP Address	10.0.50.100
	Gateway	10.0.0.254
	Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0
LAN 2	IP Address	192.168.1.1
	Gateway	192.168.1.254
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
User Name		admin
Password		default
COM		RS-232 (RS-422 if RS-232 is unavailable), 9600, None, 8,1,No Flow Control
COM Link Mode		Mode: RAW, Type: TCP Server, Listen port 4660, Filter=0.0.0.0

## 4 LCM Configuration

---

There is an LCM (Liquid Crystal Monitor) installed on the front panel of the device that can be used to display device information and perform basic configurations. The table below illustrates its buttons and corresponding functions.

Buttons	Function
	Open Main Menu or go back one level higher
	Scroll up
	Scroll down
	Confirm the selection. When working with IP addresses, pressing <SEL> means moving to the next digit

### 4.1 Welcome Screen

When the device boots up, the LCM will display LAN1. If you scroll down, it will display LAN2 information. The format is:

```
LAN1: Link down
10.0.50.100 ▼
```

### 4.2 Main Menu Structure

Press the <Menu> Key to enter the main menu. Press <Scroll Down> to go to the next layer or option. Press <Scroll Up> to go to the back one layer or option.

### 4.2.1 Overview

1 <sup>st</sup> layer	2 <sup>nd</sup> layer	3rd layer	4 <sup>th</sup> layer	5 <sup>th</sup> layer	Descriptions	
1.Overview	1.Model name				Display Model name	
	2.Kernel ver.				Display kernel version	
	3. AP ver.				Display AP version	
	4.Lan 1		1.Lan status			Display LAN1 status
			2.MAC			Display MAC address of LAN1
	5.Lan 2		1.Lan status			Display LAN2 status
			2.MAC			Display MAC address of LAN2

### 4.2.2 Network Settings

1 <sup>st</sup> layer	2 <sup>nd</sup> layer	3rd layer	4 <sup>th</sup> layer	5 <sup>th</sup> layer	Descriptions
2.Network set	1.Lan 1	1.IP config	1.Static IP		Change to Static IP mode
			2.DHCP		Chang to DHCP mode
		2.IP address			Display/Change LAN1 IP
		3.Net mask			Display/Change Net mask
		4.Gateway			Display/Change the Gateway IP
	2.Lan 2	1.IP config	1.Static IP		Change to Static IP mode
			2.DHCP		Chang to DHCP mode
		2.IP address			Display/Change LAN2 IP
		3.Net mask			Display/Change Net mask
		4.Gateway			Display/Change Gateway IP
	3.DNS server1				Display/ Change DNS Server 1 IP address
	4.DNS server2				Display/ Change DNS Server 2 IP address

### 4.2.3 Serial Settings

1 <sup>st</sup> layer	2 <sup>nd</sup> layer	3 <sup>rd</sup> layer	4 <sup>th</sup> layer	5 <sup>th</sup> layer	Descriptions
3.Serial set	1.Select port				Select a COM Port to configure
		1.Baud Rate	1. 300		Display/Change baud rate
	2. 600				
	3. 1200				
	4. 2400				
	5. 4800				
	6. 9600				
	7. 19200				
	8. 38400				
	9. 57600				
	10. 115200				
	11. 230400				
	12. 460800				
	13. 921600				
	2.Parameter set	2.Parity	1. None		Display/Change Parity
			2. Odd		
			3. Even		
			4. Mark		
			5.Space		
		3.Data bits	1. 5 bits		Display/Change Data bit
			2. 6 bits		
			3. 7 bits		
			4. 8 bits		
4.Stop bits		1. 1 bits		Display/Change Stop bit	
		2. 2 bits			

		5.Flow control	1. None		Display/Change Flow control mode	
			2. Xon/Xoff			
			3. Hardware			
		6.Delimiter	1.Net to serial	1.Disable		Disable UART Delimiter
				2.Enable		1.Timer: Change UART delimiter to timer mode and set its time 2.Char: Change UART delimiter to character mode and set the character
			2.Serial to net	1.Disable		Disable UART Delimiter
				2.Enable		1.Timer: Change UART delimiter to timer mode and set its time 2.Char: Change UART delimiter to character mode and set the character
			7.UART mode	1. 232		Display/Change UART mode to RS232
				2. 422		Display/Change UART mode to RS422
		3. 485			Display/Change UART mode to RS485	
		8.Apply to all	1.No		Apply serial settings to all serial ports	
			2.Yes			
		3.Link mode			Display/Change Link mode	
			1.TCP server	1.Virtual COM	1.Disable 2.Enable	Display/Change Virtual COM mode

			2.Local port		Display/Change Local listening port
			3.Max connect		Display/Change maximum client connection (1~4)
			4.IP Filter	1.Disable	Display/Change IP Filter function and the IP address
				2.Enable	
			5. Apply to all	1.No	Apply Link mode Settings to all serial ports
		2.Yes			
		2.TCP client	1.Dest IP 1		Display/Change Destination IP 1
			2.Dest port 1		Display/Change Destination port 1
			3.Destination 2	1.Disable	Disable destination 2
				2.Enable	Display/Change Destination IP 2 and Destination port 2
			4. Apply to all	1.No	Apply Link mode Settings to all serial ports
		2.Yes			
		3.UDP	1.Local port		Display/Change Local listening port
			2.Dest IP1		Display/Change Destination IP 1
			3.Dest port 1		Display/Change Destination Port 1
4.Destination [2-8]	1.Disable		Disable Destination [2-8]		
	2.Enable	Display/Change Destination IP [2-8] and Destination port [2-8]			

			b.Apply to all	1.No	
				2.Yes	Apply Link mode Settings to all serial ports

#### 4.2.4 Server State

1 <sup>st</sup> layer	2 <sup>nd</sup> layer	3rd layer	4 <sup>th</sup> layer	5 <sup>th</sup> layer	Descriptions
4.Server state	1.Console	1.Web console	1.Disable		Disable Web console
			2.Enable		Enable Web console
		2.Telnet console	1.Disable		Disable Telnet console
			2.Enable		Enable Telnet console
	2.Pwd protect	1.LCM console	1.No		Disable LCM console password protection
			2.Yes		Enable and change the password
		2.Reset button	1.No		Disable the Reset button password protection
			2.Yes		Enable and change the password on Reset button
	3.Ping	1.Lan 1			Use "ping" command to check specific IP address for LAN1
		2.Lan 2			Use "ping" command to check specific IP address for LAN2

#### 4.2.5 Restart

1 <sup>st</sup> layer	2 <sup>nd</sup> layer	3rd layer	4 <sup>th</sup> layer	5 <sup>th</sup> layer	Descriptions
5.Restart	1.No				Cancel Restart command
	2.Yes				Restart immediately

## 5 Web Configuration

### 5.1 Administrator Login

As soon as the device is connected on the LAN, the user can proceed to navigate through its configuration using **Management Utility**® (utility that comes in the CD); as noted in Figure 5.1 below, important information such as the IP, MAC address, etc. is going to be displayed.

N..	Model	IP Address	MAC Address	Host Name	Ker...	AP Information
5	DT4000	10.0.166.103	00:60:E9:0C:09:AD	0060E9:0C09AD	V1.2	Data Terminal v2.22
6	EH6520	10.0.174.100	00:60:E9:0C:32:2A	EH6520	V1.20	Application: V1.25
7	EH7510	10.0.176.100	00:60:E9:09:62:8C	EH7510	V1.21	Application: V1.26
8	GW21C-MAXI	10.0.21.99	00:60:E9:00:91:53	Jack's	V2.29	TerminalSrv ver3.16>
9	GW21L	10.0.163.1	00:60:E9:00:5E:A8		V1.82	NewCAPS576 V1.54
10	GW21R	10.0.166.100	00:60:E9:00:79:DF	0060E9-0079DF	V2.31	NewCAPS576 V1.53
11	GW231A	10.0.210.2	00:60:E9:00:17:0B		V2.18	209DVS231A TCP(M=
12	PM5302	10.1.190.51	00:60:E9:12:34:56		V1.10	PowerMeter V1.35
13	RG5802	10.0.165.100	00:60:E9:0C:41:5A	E37001-000000	V0.2	CTV-0020 V3.14 SSID
14	RG5802	10.0.179.111	00:60:E9:0C:41:5A	E37001-005660	V0.2	RG5802 V0.01 SSID:F
15	RG5802	10.0.179.222	00:60:E9:0B:AF:A0	000A48-088A3C	V0.2	RG5802 V0.01 SSID:F
16	SC5404D	10.0.160.30	00:60:E9:08:5F:CA	0060E9-085FCA	V5.6	Serial Server V5.8
17	SE5002	10.0.161.111	00:60:E9:03:5D:68	name	V2.38	TerminalSrv v3.540U
18	SE5302-10	10.0.50.100	00:60:E9:09:E5:90	yyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyy	V1.1	CTV-0020 V3.1 SP2
19	SE5302-10	10.0.50.101	00:60:E9:02:A8:BF	yyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyy	V1.1	SE5302-10 Ver 2.0.7
20	SE5404-Sis	10.0.50.102	00:60:E9:03:0A:EE	0060E9-030AEE	V3.18	Serial Server V3.29
21	SE9001-T-14M	10.0.53.101	00:50:41:79:A6:E2		V2.31	ProWebSrv ver 0.0.2.
22	SE9001-T-14M	10.0.53.106	00:50:41:79:A7:23		V2.31	ProWebSrv ver 0.0.2.
23	SE9001-T-14M	10.0.180.99	00:60:E9:08:0C:DD	Optoma Projector	V2.31	ProWebSrv ver Optor
24	SE9001-T-14O	10.0.0.208	00:60:E9:0B:52:6C	CW240	V3.31	ProWebSrv ver L05F

Figure 5.1

To access the device's Web UI click on the **Config by browser** icon, the web browser will open and prompt you to enter username and password (see Factory Default Settings for more information), proceed then to click "OK" or press Enter. Alternatively, enter the IP address of the device in the URL bar of the browser.

**Note:** Be sure your PC is located in the same network sub-net as SE5416A Series.

## 5.2 Overview

This section gives a general status information on Device, network, ERPS and STP.

The screenshot shows the 'atop' logo and 'SE5416' model name. A navigation menu on the left includes Overview, Network, Serial, Alert, and System. The main content area is titled 'Overview' and contains three tables:

**Device Information**

Kernel Version	4.12
AP Version	4.14

**Network Information**

LAN 1	MAC Address	00:60:E9:0A:E5:FE
	IP Address	10.0.50.102
LAN 2	MAC Address	00:60:E9:0A:E5:FF
	IP Address	192.168.1.1

**ERPS Information**

Ring State	NA
West Port State(Port 1)	NA
East Port State(Port 2)	NA

Figure 5.2

**Device Information**, displays system Kernel and AP versions.

Device Information	
Kernel Version	3.20
AP Version	3.30

Figure 5.3

**Networking Information**, displays both 'LAN1 and LAN 2's information on the overview page.  
The information provided with networking settings.

---

**Note:** If the device is in the bridge mode, Bridge information will be shown instead.

---

Network Information		
LAN 1	MAC Address	00:60:E9:02:6F:70
	IP Address	10.0.50.10
LAN 2	MAC Address	00:60:E9:02:6F:71
	IP Address	192.168.1.1 (Link down)

Figure 5.4

**ERPS Information**, displays Ring and Port status.

ERPS Information	
Ring State	Protection
West Port State(Port 1)	Forwarding
East Port State(Port 2)	Blocking(Signal Fail)

Figure 5.5

**Spanning Tree Information**, STP and STP Port Information display the current STP settings and status.

<b>Spanning Tree Information</b>	
Spanning Tree Status	Disabled
Force Version	RSTP
Priority	32768
Maximum Age	20
Hello Time	2
Forward Delay	15
Root MAC Address	0:60:e9:7:ab:a2
Root Priority	32768
Root Path Cost	0
Root Port	Port1
Root Maximum Age	20
Root Hello Time	2
Root Forward Delay	15
Topology Changes	0
Last Topology Change	0

Figure 5.6

STP Port Information				
Port	State	Role	Path Cost	Priority
Port1	Forwarding	Root	200000	128
Port2	Forwarding	Designated	200000	128
Port	P2P	Edge	Des Cost	Des Port Priority
Port1	Yes	No	20000	128
Port2	Yes	No	220000	128
Port	Des Port	Des Root	Des Bridge	
Port1	64	32768	00:26:0b:0d:43:16	
Port2	2	32768	00:60:e9:07:ab:aa	

Figure 5.7

## 5.3 Network Configuration

Click on the “**Network**” link to open network settings.

- **LAN / Bridge Settings**, when the bridge function is enabled, LAN1 and LAN2 will use the same IP address for redundancy. Therefore, LAN1 Settings will become Bridge Settings and LAN2 Settings will be disabled. When the bridge function is disabled, you can LAN1 and LAN2 can be in different subnets. Fill in Bridge / LAN settings accordingly. Alternatively, you may activate DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) client function by checking on “**Obtain an IP automatically**” field to obtain IP address, gateway and subnet mask, and DNS from a DHCP server automatically.

Bridge Settings	
Bridge Status	<input type="checkbox"/> Bridge LAN1 and LAN2

LAN 1 Settings	
DHCP	<input type="checkbox"/> Obtain an IP automatically
IP Address	10 . 0 . 160 . 100
Subnet Mask	255 . 255 . 0 . 0
Default Gateway	10 . 0 . 0 . 254
ARP Announce	10 (0~300) seconds

LAN 2 Settings	
DHCP	<input type="checkbox"/> Obtain an IP automatically
IP Address	192 . 168 . 1 . 1
Subnet Mask	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Default Gateway	192 . 168 . 1 . 254
ARP Announce	10 (0~300) seconds

Figure 5.8

- DNS Settings**, Fill in DNS (Domain Name System) information in order to have an external DNS server resolve domain name into IP address. This is crucial if the NTP and SMTP services use domain names instead of IP addresses. A DNS server will be retrieved from the DHCP server automatically if DHCP is enabled.

DNS	
DNS Settings	
DNS1	255 . 255 . 255 . 255
DNS2	255 . 255 . 255 . 255

Figure 5.9

- SNMP Settings**, The SNMP function is disabled by default. To enable this function check on “**Enable SNMP**” option. Basic SNMP configurations such as Read/Write Community, SysName (System Name), SysLocation (System Location), and SysContact (System Contact) are supported. In addition, you can send SNMP Trap events to a SNMP Trap server by entering its IP address. The changes will become effective immediately after a successful save.

SNMP Settings	
SysName	<input type="text" value="0060E9-026F70"/>
SysLocation	<input type="text" value="location"/>
SysContact	<input type="text" value="contact"/>
SNMP	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable SNMP
Read Community	<input type="text" value="public"/>
Write Community	<input type="text" value="private"/>
SNMP Trap Server	<input type="text" value="0"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/>

Figure 5.10

- ERPS Settings**, A typical ring topology provides multipoint connectivity economically, but the network traffic will loop inside the ring without a proper protection mechanism. Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) is a protocol for Ethernet layer ring networks. ERPS provides highly reliable and stable protection in the ring topology while not forming network loops that could potentially affect the network operation. In a the Ring topology, each Ring Node is connected to an adjacent Ring Node participating in the same Ring using two independent links (i.e. two ways). Loops can be avoided by guaranteeing that traffic may flow on all but one of the ring links at any given time. This particular link is called Ring Protection Link (RPL). A control message called R-APS coordinates the activities of switching on/off the RPL. Under normal conditions, this link is blocked by the Owner Node, which is referred as the blocking state. In case of a network failure, the RPL Owner node will be responsible to unblock the RPL to allow it to be used for forwarding, hence called the protection state. Therefore, the RPL becomes the backup link when a link failure occurs. The following table describes the functions of different ERPS settings.

Label	Description
ERPS	Choose whether to enable ERPS or not.
RAPSD VLAN	Specifies the ring's R-APS VLAN ID. VLAN ID ranges from 1 to 4094, every ring should have its own ID.
PRL Owner	Enable to set this device as the RPL Owner.
RPL Port	Select the RPL Port when the device is an Owner.
WTR Timer	Set the wait-to-restore (WTR) time of the ring in minutes, ranges from 0 to 12 minutes.
Holdoff Timer	Set the holdoff time for the ring, it ranges from 0 to 10000 milliseconds.
Guard Timer	Set the ring's guard time, ranges from 0 to 2000 milliseconds.
MEL	Sets the ring's maintenance entity group level, ranges from 0 to 7.

### ERPS

By enabling ERPS, you can connect devices as the ring network topology

ERPS Settings	
ERPS State	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable ERPS
RAPS VLAN	<input type="text" value="4090"/>
West Port	Port 1
East Port	Port 2
RPL Owner	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable RPL Owner
RPL Port	<input type="text" value="West Port(port 1)"/>
WTR Timer	<input type="text" value="5"/> (0~12 min)
Holdoff Timer	<input type="text" value="0"/> (0~10000 ms)
Guard Timer	<input type="text" value="500"/> (10~2000 ms)
MEL	<input type="text" value="1"/> (0~7)

Figure 5.11

- STP Settings**, Standard Spanning Tree specified by IEEE supported. The **Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)** provides function to prevent switching loops and ensuring broadcast radiation. A switching loop occurs in network when there are multiple connections between two network devices. The loop will create broadcast radiation: accumulation of broadcast and multicast traffic on a network. As broadcasts and multicasts are forwarded

by bridges/switches to every port, the bridges/switches will repeatedly rebroadcast the broadcast messages, and this can flood the network. STP creates a spanning tree and disables those redundant links that are on the same level of the tree, which leaves only a single active path between any two nodes. This function avoids flooding and increases network efficiency. **RSTP (Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol)** are also supported. It is an evolution of the STP. It has a slightly changed topology, which helps to provide a much faster spanning tree convergence. The following table explains each STP option's usage.

Label	Description
Spanning Tree	Choose whether to enable or disable Spanning tree.
Force Version	Select STP or RSTP.
Priority	Configures the bridge priority in the range of 0 ~ 61440. The switch with lower bridge priority has more chance to become a root bridge.
Maximum Age	If a device is not the root and it does not receive a hello message in within the "Maximum Age", it will reconfigure itself as a root, ranges from 6 to 40 seconds.
Hello Time	The amount of time that the root should wait before sending hello messages again, ranges from 1 to 10 seconds.
Forward Delay	Configures the amount of time the device should wait before checking to see if it should change from the learning state to the forwarding state. Lesser delay time means that the state will change more quickly, ranges from 4 to 30 seconds.
Port Path Cost	Configures the port path cost in the range of 1~200000000. This value will affect the combination path cost. The lowest combination path cost will be the best path to the Root Bridge
Port Priority	Configures the port priority in the range of 0~240. The port with the lowest priority value has the best route to the root bridge.
Port P2P	Selects P2P (point to point) connection type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <b>Force No:</b> Force Port P2P link false.</li> <li>■ <b>Force Yes:</b> Force Port P2P link to true.</li> <li>■ <b>Auto:</b> Set Port P2P link to auto detection.</li> </ul>
Port Edge	Choose whether the port is an edge connection.

Spanning Tree	
Spanning Tree Settings	
Spanning Tree State	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled
Force Version	RSTP
Priority	32768 (0~61440)
Maximum Age	20 (6~40)
Hello Time	2 (1~10)
Forward Delay	15 (4~30)
Port1 Path Cost	200000 (1~200000000)
Port1 Priority	128 (0~240)
Port1 P2P	Auto
Port1 Edge	Disabled
Port2 Path Cost	200000 (1~200000000)
Port2 Priority	128 (0~240)
Port2 P2P	Auto
Port2 Edge	Disabled

Figure 5.12

## 5.4 Serial

Click on the “**Serial**” link to open its submenu and COM1 settings.



Figure 5.13

### 5.4.1 COM Configuration

This section will only focus on the serial settings (Figure 5.15). Details on connectivity protocols and their settings (Figure 5.14) are given in [Link Modes and Applications](#).

TCP Server	
Mode	RAW
Max. Connections	1
	<input type="radio"/> Request & Response Mode <input type="radio"/> Reply to requester only <input checked="" type="radio"/> Reply to all <input checked="" type="radio"/> Transparent Mode
IP Filter	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable
Source IP	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Local Port	4660
<input type="checkbox"/> Apply to all serial ports (Local Port will be enumerated automatically.)	

Figure 5.14

### Serial

To configure COM 1 port parameters.

## Serial Settings

UART Mode	<input checked="" type="radio"/> RS232 <input type="radio"/> RS422 <input type="radio"/> RS485
Baud Rate	9600 <input type="text"/> bps
Parity	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> Odd <input type="radio"/> Even <input type="radio"/> Mark <input type="radio"/> Space
Data bits	<input type="radio"/> 5 bits <input type="radio"/> 6 bits <input type="radio"/> 7 bits <input checked="" type="radio"/> 8 bits
Stop bits	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 1 bit <input type="radio"/> 2 bits
Flow Control	<input type="radio"/> None <input checked="" type="radio"/> Xon/Xoff <input type="radio"/> RTS/CTS
	Xon <input type="text" value="0x11"/> Xoff
	<input type="text" value="0x13"/> ("0x"+ASCII Code, Ex. 0x0d)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Permit Xon/Xoff Character Pass Through
	<input type="checkbox"/> Xon/Xoff Special Control ( Controlling DTR to simulate receiving Xon/Xoff and reading DSR to get Xon/Xoff currently. )
<input type="checkbox"/> Apply to all serial ports	

Figure 5.15

Match these settings with your serial device:

- **UART Mode**, Select between RS-232, RS-422, and RS-485. Note that RS-485 refers to 2-Wire RS-485 and RS-422 is compatible with 4-Wire RS-485.
- **Baud Rate**, Select one of the baudrates from the dropdown box.
- **Parity/Data Bits/Stop Bits**, Configure them accordingly.
- **Flow Control**, Choose between No Flow Control, RTS/CTS (Hardware Flow Control), and Xon/Xoff (Software Flow Control). If Xon/Xoff is selected, Xon and Xoff characters are changeable. Defaults are 0x11 for Xon and 0x13 for Xoff. If the connecting program or serial device would like to receive the Xon/Xoff signals also, enable “**Permit Xon/Xoff Character Pass Through**”. Enable “**Xon/Xoff Special Control**” to allow synchronization between Xon/Xoff states and DSR/DTR signals.

---

**Note:** Check “Apply to all serial ports” to execute these settings through all serial ports.

---

## 5.4.2 COM Configuration: Advanced Settings

Click on the “Advanced Settings” button to open the dialog (Figure 5.16).

ADVANCED SETTINGS		
TCP	TCP Timeout	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable 3600 (1~65535) seconds
Delimiters	Serial to Network Packet Delimiter	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Interval timeout 3 (1~30000) ms <input checked="" type="radio"/> Auto(calculate by baudrate) <input type="radio"/> Manual setting <input type="checkbox"/> Discard Bytes < 0 within the time interval(1~1024)bytes <input type="checkbox"/> Max. Bytes 1452 (within one packet:1~1452 bytes) <input type="checkbox"/> Character 0x0d0a ("0x"+ASCII Code, Ex. 0x0d or 0x0d0a) (When enabled, if any of the three options above becomes true, serial data would be transmitted)
	Network to Serial Packet Delimiter	<input type="checkbox"/> Interval timeout 0 (1~30000) ms <input type="checkbox"/> Max. Bytes 1452 (within one packet:1~1452 bytes) <input type="checkbox"/> Character 0x0d0a ("0x"+ASCII Code, Ex. 0x0d or 0x0d0a)
	Character send interval	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable 0 (1~1000) ms
	Response interval timeout	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable 1000 (1~60000) ms (Work with Request & Response Mode only)
Serial	Serial FIFO	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable (Disabling this option at baud rates higher than 115200bps would result in data loss).
	Serial Buffer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Empty serial buffer when a new TCP connection is established
<input type="checkbox"/> Apply to all serial ports		

Figure 5.16

### TCP

➔ **TCP Timeout**, Specify the value in “TCP Timeout” to force SE5416A Series actively close a TCP connection after some specific inactivity time (no packets). The default value for it is 3600 seconds. Disabling this option means SE5416A Series would never actively close an established connection.

### Delimiters

➔ **Serial to Network Packet Delimiter**, Packet delimiter is a way of packing data in the serial communication. It is designed to keep packets in track. SE5416A Series provides three types of delimiter: Time Delimiter, Maximum Bytes and Character Delimiter. Note that the following delimiters (Interval, Max Byte and Character) are programmed in the OR logic. Meaning that if any of the three conditions were met, SE5416A Series would

transmit the serial data in its buffer over the network.

- **Interval timeout**, SE5416A Series will transmit the serial data in its buffer when the specified time interval has reached and no more serial data comes in. The default value is calculated automatically based on the baud rate. If the automatic value results in chopped data, the timeout could be increased manually by switching to “Manual setting” and specifying a larger value. If the bytes do not reach certain length condition, the bytes could be discard to avoid devices connect on the TCP side running into issues. To do this, enable “**Discard Byte**”, then select the condition (>, <, =, !=) you want and the length desired.

### Attention

#### Interval Timeout Manual Calculation



The optimal “Interval timeout” depends on the application, but it must be at least larger than one character interval within the specified baud rate. For example, assuming that the serial port is set to 1200 bps, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, and no parity. In this case, the total number of bits needed to send a character is 10 bits, and the time required to transfer one character is  $(10 \text{ (bits)}/1200 \text{ (bits/s)}) * 1000 \text{ (ms/s)} = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ .

Therefore, you should set the “Interval timeout” to be larger than 8.3 ms. Rounding 8.3 ms to the next integer would get you 9 ms.

- **Max Byte**, SE5416A Series will transmit the serial data in its buffer when the specified length has reached. Enable this option if you would like SE5416A Series to queue the data until it reaches a specific length. This option is disabled by default.
- **Character**, SE5416A Series will transmit the serial data in its buffer when it sees the incoming data include the specified character (in HEX format). This field allows one or two characters. If character delimiter is set to 0x0d, SE5416A Series will push out its serial buffer when it sees 0x0d (carriage return) in the serial data. This option is disabled by default.
- ➔ **Network to Serial Packet Delimiter**, Same as the delimiters above, but controls data flow in the opposite direction. It will store data from the network interface in the queue and send it over to the serial interface until one of the delimiter conditions is met.
- ➔ **Character Send Interval**, This option specifies the time gap between each character. When set to two seconds, SE5416A Series will split the data in the queue and only transmit one character (byte) every two seconds; this option is disabled by default.
- ➔ **Response Interval Timeout**, This option only affects the Request & Response Mode

and has no effect on the Transparent Mode. When TCP data is received (request) and passed to Serial side, the device will wait for the set time before transferring another TCP data if the Serial side did not receive any data (response).

#### **Serial**

- ➔ **Serial FIFO**, By default, SE5416A Series has its FIFO function enabled to optimize its serial performance. In some applications (particularly when the flow control is enabled), it may deem necessary to disable the FIFO function to minimize the amount of data that is transmitted through the serial interface after a flow off event is triggered to reduce the possibility of overloading the buffer inside the serial device. Please note that disabling this option on baud rates higher than 115200bps would reduce the data integrity noticeably.
- ➔ **Serial Buffer**, By default, SE5416A Series will empty its serial buffer when a new TCP connection is established. This means that the TCP application will not receive buffered serial data during a TCP link breakage. To keep the serial data when there is no TCP connection and send out the buffered serial data immediately after a TCP connection is established, disable this option.

## 5.5 Alert Settings

Click on the **“Alert”** link to open its submenu and E-mail settings.



Figure 5.17

### 5.5.1 Email Settings

In case the device raises an alert and/or warning message, it will send an email to the administrator’s mailbox. **Email Settings** allows you to set up the device to be able to send an email. To set up the email sending, you need to put a **“Sender”** email address which will be the **“From”** on the email. Then, you fill in **“Receiver”** email address to which the email is sent. You can send the email to several recipients using Semicolon (;) to separate each email address. Next step is to set the **Email Server**. First, you fill in the **IP address** of a **Mail Server** in your local network. If the **Mail Server** needs a user authentication, you need to enable **“SMTP server authentication required”**, and fill in **Username** and **Password**. Please contact your network administrator for **Mail Server IP address** and the **Username** and **Password**,

---

**Note:** You can click on the “Send test Mail” button to verify your mail settings.

---

E-mail Setting	
Sender's E-mail address	<input type="text"/>
Receiver's E-mail address 1	<input type="text"/>
Receiver's E-mail address 2	<input type="text"/>
Receiver's E-mail address 3	<input type="text"/>
Receiver's E-mail address 4	<input type="text"/>
Receiver's E-mail address 5	<input type="text"/>

Figure 5.18

Figure 5.19



**Attention**

It is also important to setup Default Gateway and DNS Servers in the Network Settings properly, so your SE5416A Series can lookup DNS names and route the mails to the proper default gateway.

### 5.5.2 Alert Event

Events could be triggered in different ways. Including Cold Start, Warm Start, Authentication Failure, IP Change, Password Change, and Link Down. SE5416A Series supports three different types of event alerts, which are E-mail, SNMP Trap, and Relay.

Alert Event		
Cold Start	<input type="checkbox"/> E-mail	<input type="checkbox"/> Trap
Warm Start	<input type="checkbox"/> E-mail	<input type="checkbox"/> Trap
Authentication Failure	<input type="checkbox"/> E-mail	<input type="checkbox"/> Trap
IP Address Changed	<input type="checkbox"/> E-mail	
Password Changed	<input type="checkbox"/> E-mail	
LAN1 Link Down	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Relay ON	
LAN2 Link Down	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Relay ON	

Figure 5.20

## 5.6 System Configuration

Click on the “**System**” link to open its submenu and this will lead you to the Link State.

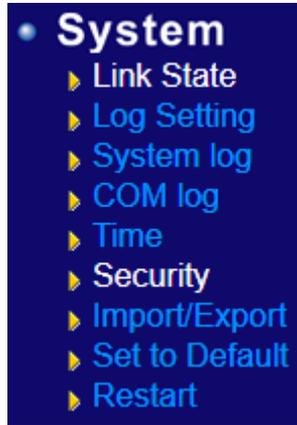


Figure 5.21

### 5.6.1 Link State

Link State displays the information of each connection for all serial ports for debugging purposes. It also displays the byte count of each serial port's Transmit (Tx) and Receive (Rx) data.

Link State													
Com	Link Mode	TX	RX	TX Total	RX Total	IP1	IP2	IP3	IP4	IP5	IP6	IP7	IP8
1	TCP Server	0	0	0	0	Listen							
2	TCP Client	0	0	0	0	Connecting							
3	UDP	0	0	0	0	Ready							
4	TCP Server	0	0	0	0	Listen							
5	TCP Server	0	0	0	0	Listen							
6	TCP Server	0	0	0	0	Listen							
7	TCP Server	0	0	0	0	Listen							
8	TCP Server	0	0	0	0	Listen							
9	TCP Server	0	0	0	0	Listen							
10	TCP Server	0	0	0	0	Listen							

Figure 5.22

## 5.6.2 Log Settings

The Syslog function is turned on by default and cannot be turned off. It is used to log system events and report to an external Syslog server if necessary. Also, Transmitted data could be logged for recording or debugging purposes. The logs could be reported to an external Syslog server as well.

System Log Setting	
Enable Log Event to Flash	<input type="checkbox"/>
Log Level	3: (LOG_ERR) ▼
Enable Syslog Server	<input type="checkbox"/>
Syslog Server IP	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Syslog Server Service Port	514 (1~65535, default=514)
Log Forwarding Setting	
Enable Log Forwarding	<input type="checkbox"/>
Log Forwarding Service Port	4680 (1~65535, default=4680)

Figure 5.23

### System Log Settings

- **Enable Log Event to Flash**, this would write log events to the local flash, otherwise the logs would be cleared when the device restarts because they are stored in the RAM by default.
- **Log Level**, 3 (We only allow logging at this level).
- **Enable Syslog Server**, enabling this option would allow you to send Syslog events to a remote Syslog server.
- **Syslog Server IP**, please specify the remote Syslog Serve IP.
- **Syslog Server Service Port**, please specify the remote Syslog Server Port.

COM Log Settings				
<input type="checkbox"/> Log Data Contents      Types <input checked="" type="radio"/> HEX <input type="radio"/> ASCII				
Com Ports	<input type="checkbox"/> Com1	<input type="checkbox"/> Com2	<input type="checkbox"/> Com3	<input type="checkbox"/> Com4
	<input type="checkbox"/> Com5	<input type="checkbox"/> Com6	<input type="checkbox"/> Com7	<input type="checkbox"/> Com8
	<input type="checkbox"/> Com9	<input type="checkbox"/> Com10	<input type="checkbox"/> Com11	<input type="checkbox"/> Com12
	<input type="checkbox"/> Com13	<input type="checkbox"/> Com14	<input type="checkbox"/> Com15	<input type="checkbox"/> Com16
Enable Syslog Server	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Syslog Server IP	<input type="text" value="0"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/>			
Syslog Server Service Port	<input type="text" value="514"/> (1~65535, default=514)			

Figure 5.24

### COM Log Settings

- **Log Data Contents**, if enabled, the COM logging function will log the content (raw bytes) of data that is being transmitted and received. If disabled, COM logging function will only log data length to reduce system load.

---

**Note:** SE5416A Series can store up to 1500 lines internally. A request or a response will consist of one line, data longer than 512 bytes will go into another line. You can retrieve the logs by using a FTP Client. FTP login is the same as the WebUI. They are located in /var/log/logcomxx (xx is the port number). When the reserved space is full, new logs will replace old logs. We strongly recommend sending COM logs to a remote Syslog server.

---

- **Data Log Types**, Hex or ASCII.
- **COM x**, choose which port to log.
- **Enable Syslog Server**, enabling this option will allow you to send COM logs to a remote Syslog server. You can send COM logs to the same Syslog server used previously for logging events.
- **Syslog Server IP**, please specify the remote Syslog Server IP.
- **Syslog Server Service Port**, please specify the remote Syslog Server Port.

### 5.6.3 System Log

Display the current syslog stored in the device.

System Log					
Index	Date	Time	Startup Time	Level	Event
1/2	2000.01.09	01:05:29	00d01h37m04s	alert	: Alert: IP Address Changed (eth1), New: DHCP off, IP 192.168.1.1, Netmask 255.255.255.0, Gateway 192.168.1.254, Old: DHCP off, IP 192.168.1.1, Netmask 255.255.255.0, Gateway 192.168.1.254, SysName: 0060E9-ABC122, SysLocation: location
2/2	2000.01.08	23:28:46	00d00h00m21s	alert	: Alert: Cold Start, SysName: 0060E9-ABC122, SysLocation: location

Figure 5.25

Click on “Last Page” to go to the last page. Click on “Show All Event” to show all events in one page. Click on “Clear All Event” to clear the events stored in the device.

### 5.6.4 COM Log

You can select from the COMx dropdown box to display logs from different COM ports. The first three lines were set to show the logging of data length and the last two lines were set to show data content in Hexadecimal.

COM 1 Log					
Index	Date	Time	Startup Time	Level	Event
1/5	2000.01.01	00:57:38	00d00h51m39s	2	: [COM1]T:(7)
2/5	2000.01.01	00:57:37	00d00h51m39s	3	: [COM1]T:(7)
3/5	2000.01.01	00:57:37	00d00h51m39s	4	: [COM1]T:(7)
4/5	2000.01.01	00:57:23	00d00h51m24s	info	: [COM1]T:(7) 48 65 6C 6C 6F 0D 0A
5/5	2000.01.01	00:57:22	00d00h51m24s	info	: [COM1]T:(7) 48 65 6C 6C 6F 0D 0A

Figure 5.26

Click on “Last Page” to go to the last page. Click on “Show All Event” to show all events in one page. Click on “Clear All Event” to clear the events stored in the device.

## 5.6.5 Time Settings

Date and time can be set manually, or using **Network Time Protocol (NTP)** to automatically synchronizes with a Time Server. For auto-synching select **NTP** in the **Time Setting** field, proceeding then to fill the IP address or host name for it. If a hostname is entered, the DNS server must be configured properly; a Time Zone can be selected as well.



### Attention

It is also important to setup Default Gateway and DNS Servers in the Network Settings properly, so your SE5416A Series can lookup DNS names and find the external NTP Server.

In case that you are located in a region where **Daylight Saving Time (DST)** is being used, enable this option and setup the start and end date when DST will become effective. Also enter the time that DST offsets (usually one hour).

Current System Time	
2006/1/1 Sun 18:49:55 <input type="button" value="Refresh"/>	
System Time Setting	
Time Zone	(GMT) Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London <input type="button" value="v"/>
Time Setting	<input type="radio"/> NTP <input checked="" type="radio"/> Manual
NTP Setting	
NTP Server	<input type="text"/>
Manual Setting	
Date	Year: <input type="text" value="2006"/> / Month: <input type="text" value="Jan"/> / Day: <input type="text" value="1"/>
Time	Hour:(0~23) : <input type="text" value="18"/> Minute:(0~59) : <input type="text" value="49"/> Second:(0~59): <input type="text" value="55"/>
Daylight Saving Setting	
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Daylight Saving Time	
Start Date	Month: <input type="text" value="Jan"/> / Week: <input type="text" value="1st"/> / Day: <input type="text" value="Sun"/> / Hour: <input type="text" value="1"/>
End Date	Month: <input type="text" value="Jan"/> / Week: <input type="text" value="1st"/> / Day: <input type="text" value="Sun"/> / Hour: <input type="text" value="1"/>
Offset	<input type="text" value="1"/> hour(s)

Figure 5.27

### 5.6.6 Security Configuration

Change Password	
Old Password	<input type="text"/>
New Password	<input type="text"/>
Verified Password	<input type="text"/>

Figure 5.28

#### Change Password

Enter the old password in the “**Old Password**” field; enter the new password in the “**New Password**” and the “**Verified Password**” fields, and then click on “**Save Configuration**” to update the password.

---

**Note:** You can press the reset button on the device to reset the password to its default value (“*default*”), in case it is forgotten. This will however, erase all the data/settings previously in the device so remember to always save it.

---

Security	
Web Console	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Telnet Console	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
LCM Password Protect	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes
Reset Button Protect	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Yes

Figure 5.29

#### Security

You can disable certain access methods to reduce the risk of system intrusion. This includes the Web UI, Telnet console, LCM, and the Reset Button.

**Web Console** – Disable to prevent the Web UI from being accessed.

**Telnet Console** – Disable to prevent the Telnet console from be accessed.

**LCM Password Protect** – LCM will prompt for a password before the device can be configured through the LCM when it is protected. Press the “Up” and “Down” buttons next to

the LCM to select the characters one by one.

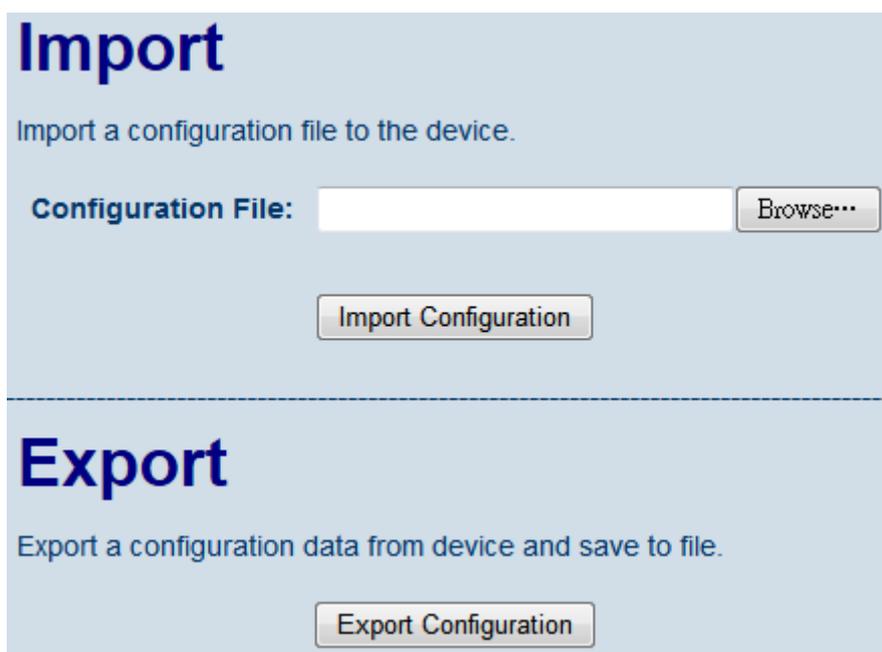
**Reset Button Protect** – Resetting the device back to the defaults becomes impossible when the reset button is protected.

### 5.6.7 Import/Export

Once all the configurations are set and the device is working properly, you may want to back up your configuration. Backup can be used when the new firmware is uploaded and it is reset to a factory default settings, it is done to prevent accidental loading of incompatible old settings. The backup file could also be used to efficiently deploy multiple SE5416A Series of similar settings by uploading these settings to the devices.

To backup your configuration, click “**Export Configuration**”, and a pop-up dialog is prompted for saving the backup file on your computer. It is important **NOT to modify the saved configuration file by any editor. Any modification to the file may corrupt the file, and it may not be used for restore.** Please contact our authorized distributors for more information on this subject.

To restore the configuration backup, click “**Browse**” to locate the backup file, and then click “**Import Configuration**” to upload the configuration backup file to the device. Once, the backup file is successfully uploaded; the device will restart, the time needed for this process may vary on the equipment used.



The image shows a web-based configuration interface with two main sections: 'Import' and 'Export'. The 'Import' section is at the top, featuring the title 'Import' in large blue font, followed by the instruction 'Import a configuration file to the device.' Below this, there is a label 'Configuration File:' next to a text input field. To the right of the input field is a 'Browse...' button. Below the input field is an 'Import Configuration' button. A dashed horizontal line separates the 'Import' section from the 'Export' section below. The 'Export' section has the title 'Export' in large blue font, followed by the instruction 'Export a configuration data from device and save to file.' Below this is an 'Export Configuration' button.

Figure 5.30

### 5.6.8 Set to Default

Click on “**Set to Default and Restart**” button to restore the device’s settings to Factory Default Settings.



Figure 5.31

### 5.6.9 Restart

Click on the “**Restart**” button to restart the device. The web page will refresh after the device complete the reboot.

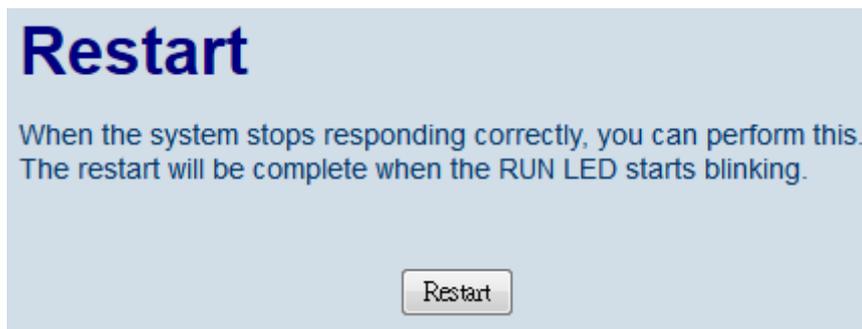


Figure 5.32

## 6 CLI Configuration

---

### 6.1 Accessing the CLI

SE5416A Series can be configured by CLI (Command-Line Interface). There are two ways to access the CLI. Both methods will lead to the same CLI, i.e., a command line interface that allows you to modify most settings in your device.

#### 6.1.1 Serial Console

The console interface follows standard RS-232 specification, find pin assignments in [Section 9.3.2](#). The interface can be accessed with the following settings:

Baud rate	115200bps
Parity	None
Data bits	8 bits
Stop bit	1 bit
Flow Control	None

#### 6.1.2 Telnet Console

Please be aware that Windows Vista / Windows 7 or higher do not have Telnet client installed by default, to install Microsoft Telnet client on these systems:

1. Click **Start**, and then click **Control Panel**.
2. On the **Control Panel** Home page, click **Programs**.
3. In the Programs and Features section, click Turn Windows features on or off.
4. If the **User Account Control** dialog box appears, confirm that the action it displays is what you want, and then click **Continue**.
5. In the **Windows Features** list, select **Telnet Client**, and then click **OK**, Figure 6.1.

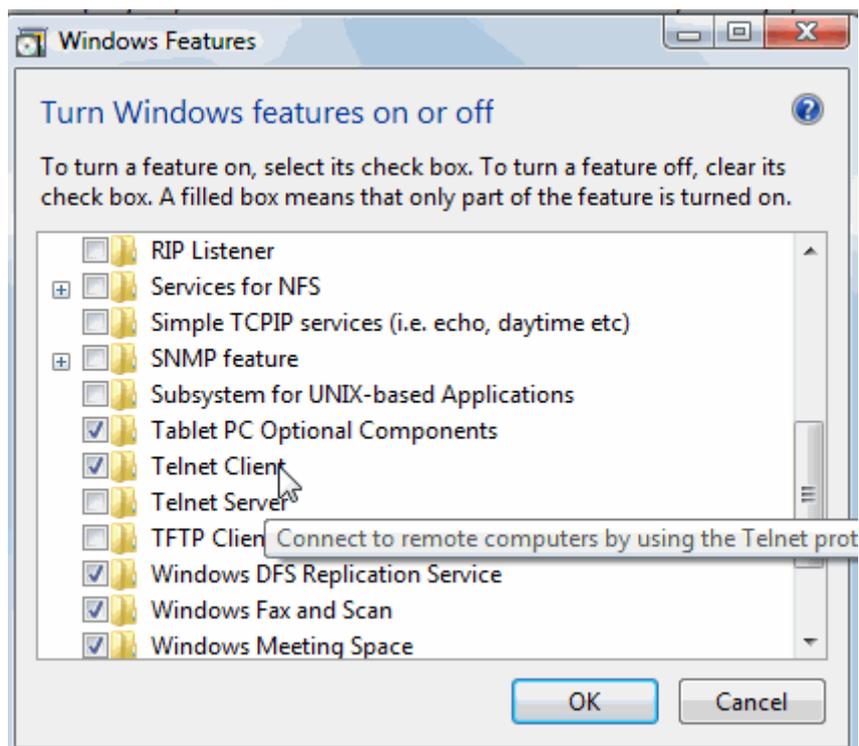


Figure 6.1

## 6.2 General Information

Open the command line interface (console terminal) and telnet to the device using its IP address. The default username is “**admin**” and the default password is “**default**”. A main menu should appear, Figure 6.2.

```
Username:admin
Password:
-----
Main Menu
-----
[0]EXIT
[1]Overview
[2]Networking
[6]COM Port Settings
[7]Alert Settings
[8]System
[9]Set to Default
[a]Restart
:
```

Figure 6.2

---

**Note:**

1. SE5416A Series will automatically close the telnet connection after three minute of inactivity.
-

2. Press the “ESC” key to return to the previous menu.
3. Some changes to the device would take effect only after the device is restarted.
4. Detailed explanations are embedded in the [LCM Configuration](#)

There is an LCM (Liquid Crstal Monitor) installed on the front panel of the device that can be used to display device information and perform basic configurations. The table below illustrates its buttons and corresponding functions.

Buttons	Function
	Open Main Menu or go back one level higher
	Scroll up
	Scroll down
	Confirm the selection. When working with IP addresses, pressing <SEL> means moving to the next digit

## 6.3 Welcome Screen

When the device boots up, the LCM will display LAN1. If you scroll down, it will display LAN2 information. The format is:

```
LAN1: Link down
10.0.50.100 ▼
```

## 6.4 Main Menu Structure

Press the <Menu> Key to enter the main menu. Press <Scroll Down> to go to the next layer or option. Press <Scroll Up> to go to the back one layer or option.

### 6.4.1 Overview

1st layer	2nd layer	3rd layer	4th layer	5th layer	Descriptions
1.Overview	1.Model name				Display Model name
	2.Kernel ver.				Display kernel version
	3. AP ver.				Display AP version
	4.Lan 1	1.Lan status			Display LAN1 status
		2.MAC			Display MAC address of LAN1
	5.Lan 2	1.Lan status			Display LAN2 status
		2.MAC			Display MAC address of LAN2

### 6.4.2 Network Settings

1st layer	2nd layer	3rd layer	4th layer	5th layer	Descriptions
2.Network set	1.Lan 1	1.IP config	1.Static IP		Change to Static IP mode
			2.DHCP		Chang to DHCP mode
		2.IP address		Display/Change LAN1 IP	
		3.Net mask		Display/Change Net mask	
		4.Gateway		Display/Change the Gateway IP	
	2.Lan 2	1.IP config	1.Static IP		Change to Static IP mode
			2.DHCP		Chang to DHCP mode
		2.IP address		Display/Change LAN2 IP	
		3.Net mask		Display/Change Net mask	
		4.Gateway		Display/Change Gateway IP	
	3.DNS server1				Display/ Change DNS Server 1 IP address
	4.DNS server2				Display/ Change DNS Server 2 IP address

### 6.4.3 Serial Settings

1st layer	2nd layer	3rd layer	4th layer	5th layer	Descriptions
3.Serial set	1.Select port				Select a COM Port to configure
		1.Baud Rate	1. 300		Display/Change baud rate
	2. 600				
	3. 1200				
	4. 2400				
	5. 4800				
	6. 9600				
	7. 19200				
	8. 38400				
	9. 57600				
	10. 115200				
	11. 230400				
	12. 460800				
	13. 921600				
	2.Parameter set	2.Parity	1. None		Display/Change Parity
			2. Odd		
			3. Even		
			4. Mark		
			5.Space		
		3.Data bits	1. 5 bits		Display/Change Data bit
			2. 6 bits		
			3. 7 bits		
			4. 8 bits		
4.Stop bits		1. 1 bits		Display/Change Stop bit	
		2. 2 bits			

		5.Flow control	1. None		Display/Change Flow control mode	
			2. Xon/Xoff			
			3. Hardware			
		6.Delimiter	1.Net to serial	1.Disable		Disable UART Delimiter
				2.Enable		1.Timer: Change UART delimiter to timer mode and set its time 2.Char: Change UART delimiter to character mode and set the character
			2.Serial to net	1.Disable		Disable UART Delimiter
				2.Enable		1.Timer: Change UART delimiter to timer mode and set its time 2.Char: Change UART delimiter to character mode and set the character
			7.UART mode	1. 232		Display/Change UART mode to RS232
				2. 422		Display/Change UART mode to RS422
		3. 485			Display/Change UART mode to RS485	
		8.Apply to all	1.No			
			2.Yes		Apply serial settings to all serial ports	
		3.Link mode			Display/Change Link mode	
			1.TCP server	1.Virtual COM	1.Disable 2.Enable	Display/Change Virtual COM mode

			2.Local port		Display/Change Local listening port
			3.Max connect		Display/Change maximum client connection (1~4)
			4.IP Filter	1.Disable	Display/Change IP Filter function and the IP address
				2.Enable	
			5. Apply to all	1.No	Apply Link mode Settings to all serial ports
		2.Yes			
		2.TCP client	1.Dest IP 1		Display/Change Destination IP 1
			2.Dest port 1		Display/Change Destination port 1
			3.Destination 2	1.Disable	Disable destination 2
				2.Enable	Display/Change Destination IP 2 and Destination port 2
			4. Apply to all	1.No	Apply Link mode Settings to all serial ports
		2.Yes			
		3.UDP	1.Local port		Display/Change Local listening port
			2.Dest IP1		Display/Change Destination IP 1
			3.Dest port 1		Display/Change Destination Port 1
4.Destination [2-8]	1.Disable		Disable Destination [2-8]		
	2.Enable	Display/Change Destination IP [2-8] and Destination port [2-8]			

			b.Apply to all	1.No	
				2.Yes	Apply Link mode Settings to all serial ports

#### 6.4.4 Server State

1st layer	2nd layer	3rd layer	4th layer	5th layer	Descriptions
4.Server state	1.Console	1.Web console	1.Disable		Disable Web console
			2.Enable		Enable Web console
		2.Telnet console	1.Disable		Disable Telnet console
			2.Enable		Enable Telnet console
	2.Pwd protect	1.LCM console	1.No		Disable LCM console password protection
			2.Yes		Enable and change the password
		2.Reset button	1.No		Disable the Reset button password protection
			2.Yes		Enable and change the password on Reset button
	3.Ping	1.Lan 1			Use "ping" command to check specific IP address for LAN1
		2.Lan 2			Use "ping" command to check specific IP address for LAN2

#### 6.4.5 Restart

1st layer	2nd layer	3rd layer	4th layer	5th layer	Descriptions
5.Restart	1.No				Cancel Restart command
	2.Yes				Restart immediately

---

Web Configuration chapter; please refer to the respective sections.

---

This system overview window gives the general information on Ethernet, MAC address, kernel and AP version, ERPS, and STP status.

Operation: Main → [1]Overview

```
-----  
                Overview  
-----  
Model Name      : SE5416  
Lan 1 IP Address : 010.000.050.102  
Lan 2 IP Address : 192.168.001.001 <Link down>  
Lan 1 MAC       : 00.60.E9.0A.E5.FE  
Lan 2 MAC       : 00.60.E9.0A.E5.FF  
Kernel Version  : 4.12  
AP Version      : 4.14  
Spanning Tree Status : Disabled  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
:_
```

Figure 6.3

## 6.5 Networking Configuration

This section allows you to change IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and SNMP information. Please note that the new settings will not take effect until the device is restarted.

**Operation: Main → [2]Networking**

```
-----
Networking
-----
[0]EXIT
[1]LAN 1 Settings
[2]LAN 2 Settings
[3]DNS Settings
[5]SNMP Settings
[6]Bridge Settings
[7]RPS Settings
[8]STP Settings
:
```

Figure 6.4

### 6.5.1 LAN 1 / LAN 2 Settings

Enter “LAN settings” and you will see a menu to configure the DHCP, IP address, subnet mask, and gateway of that LAN.

**Operation: Main → [2]Networking → [1]LAN 1 Settings;**

**Operation: Main → [2]Networking → [2]LAN 2 Settings**

```
-----
LAN 1 Settings
-----
[0]EXIT
[1]DHCP      :Disable(Static)
[2]IP       :010.000.176.111
[3]Netmask  :255.255.000.000
[4]Gateway  :010.000.000.254
:-
```

Figure 6.5

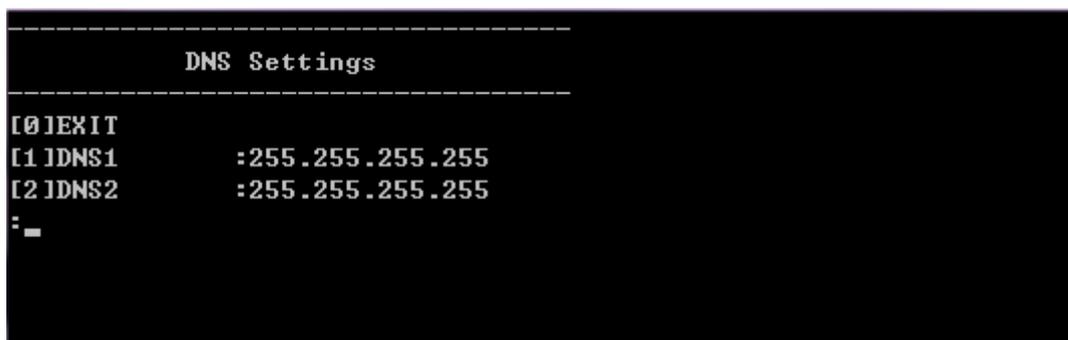
**Note:** It is not possible to configure LAN1 or LAN2 when bridge mode is enabled. Please go to the Bridge Settings instead.

---

### 6.5.2 DNS Settings

You can configure the DNS1 or DNS2 Server IP Address manually. Alternatively, if you enable the DHCP option in “**LAN 1 Settings**”, SE5416A Series will retrieve the DNS server address from the DHCP server automatically.

**Operation:** Main → [2]Networking → [3]DNS Settings



```
-----  
DNS Settings  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
[1]DNS1      :255.255.255.255  
[2]DNS2      :255.255.255.255  
:  
_
```

Figure 6.6

### 6.5.3 SNMP Settings

SE5416A Series allows the user to Enable or Disable the SNMP function. The changes will become effective immediately. Basic SNMP configurations such as Read/Write Community, SysName (System Name), SysLocation (System Location), SysContact (System Contact), and SNMP Trap Server IP are supported.

**Operation:** Main → [2]Networking → [5]SNMP Settings

```
-----  
SNMP Settings  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
[1]SNMP : Disable  
[2]Read Community : public  
[3]Write Community : private  
[4]SysName : 0060E9-07ABAA  
[5]SysLocation : location  
[6]SysContact : contact  
[7]SNMP Trap Server : 000.000.000.000  
:  
_
```

Figure 6.7

### 6.5.4 Bridge Settings

SE5416A Series has a bridge mode that can be enabled. When the bridge mode is enabled, LAN1 and LAN2 would be merged to create one single Ethernet interfaces. When one of the physical LAN port fails, SE5416A Series would automatically use the other LAN port. Configure network settings of the bridge here.

**Operation:** Main → [2]Networking → [6]Bridge Settings

```
-----  
Bridge Settings  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
[1]Bridge mode:Enable  
[2]DHCP :Disable<Static>  
[3]IP :010.000.176.111  
[4]Netmask :255.255.000.000  
[5]Gateway :010.000.000.254  
:  
_
```

Figure 6.8

### 6.5.5 ERPS Settings

SE5416A Series supports the ERPS function, a standard ring protocol. The options in this menu allows you to definite ERPS status, RAPS VLAN, RPL owner, RPL port, WTR timer, holdoff timer, guard timer, and MEL.

**Operation:** Main → [2]Networking → [7]Bridge Settings

```
-----  
                ERPS Settings  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
[1]ERPS Status           :Disable  
[2]IRAPS ULAN           :4090  
[3]IRPL Owner           :Enable  
[4]IRPL Port            :West Port<Port 1>  
[5]WTR Timer<0~12 min>  :5  
[6]Holdoff Timer<0~10000 ms>:0  
[7]Guard Timer<10~2000 ms> :500  
[8]MEL<0~7>            :1  
:_
```

Figure 6.9

---

**Note:** It is not possible to enable ERPS when Bridge is disabled.

---

## 6.5.6 STP Settings

STP function in SE5416A Series can be enabled or disabled. Once enabled, you can set STP version, priority, maximum age, hello time, forward delay, port path cost, port priority, port P2P, and port Edge.

**Operation:** Main → [2]Networking → [8]STP Settings

```
-----
                STP Settings
-----
[0]EXIT
[1]Spanning Tree State           :Disabled
[2]Force Version                 :RSTP
[3]Priority(0~61440)              :32768
[4]Maximum Age(6~40)             :6
[5]Hello Time(1~10)              :1
[6]Forward Delay(4~30)           :4
[7]Port1 Path Cost(1~200000000)  :100000
[8]Port1 Priority(0~240)          :128
[9]Port1 P2P                     :Auto
[A]Port1 Edge                    :Enabled
[B]Port2 Path Cost(1~200000000)  :100000
[C]Port2 Priority(0~240)          :128
[D]Port2 P2P                     :Auto
[E]Port2 Edge                    :Disabled
: _
```

Figure 6.10

---

**Note:** It is not possible to enable STP when Bridge is disabled.

---

## 6.6 COM Port Configuration

SE5416A Series allows you to configure the parameters of the COM port including COM Link mode and COM port parameters. First enter the number of the COM port that you want to configure.

```
-----  
COM Port Settings  
-----  
COM port number<Port Number:1~4, 0:exit>  
:1  
-----  
COM1 Port Settings  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
[1]Link Mode      : TCP Server  
[2]Com Setting   : RS485,115200,n,8,1  
:_
```

Figure 6.11

### 6.6.1 TCP Server for Link Mode

TCP Server mode is the default Link Mode for SE5416A Series. A TCP Client is required to connect to this TCP Server. You will need to configure **Virtual COM, Max Connections, IP Filter, and Local Port** settings.

Operation: Main→ [6]COM Port Setting→[1-4]Select Port→[1]Link Mode→[1]TCP Server

```
-----  
TCP Server <COM1>  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
[1]Virtual COM      : Disable  
[2]Max Connections  : 1  
[3]IP Filter        : Disable  
[4]Local Port       : 4660  
:_
```

Figure 6.12

### 6.6.2 TCP Client for Link Mode

SE5416A Series' Link Mode can be configured as a TCP Client. In this case, SE5416A Series will connect to a TCP Server. You will need to configure the settings for **Destination IP 1 and 2**

(if enabled).

Operation: Main → [6]COM Port Setting → [1-4]Select Port → [1]Link Mode → [2]TCP Client

```
-----  
TCP Client <COM1>  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
[1]Destination IP 1      : 000.000.000.000  
[2]Destination Port 1   : 4660  
[3]Destination 2       : Disable  
:  
:
```

Figure 6.13

### 6.6.3 UDP Link Mode

SE5416A Series' Link Mode can be configured to utilize UDP. Note that UDP is a connection-less protocol, so data delivery is not guaranteed. You will need to configure the settings of **Destination IPs**. The Destination IP field supports input of IP range and up to eight Destination IPs are supported.

Operation: Main → [6]COM Port Setting → [1-4]Select Port → [1]Link Mode → [3]UDP

```
-----  
UDP <COM1>  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
[1]Local Port           : 4660  
[2]Destination IP 1     : 010.000.176.004 ~ 004  
[3]Destination Port 1   : 4660  
[4]Destination 2       : Disable  
[5]Destination 3       : Disable  
[6]Destination 4       : Disable  
[7]Destination 5       : Disable  
[8]Destination 6       : Disable  
[9]Destination 7       : Disable  
[a]Destination 8       : Disable  
:  
:
```

Figure 6.14

### 6.6.4 Serial Settings

Here you can configure Uart mode, baud rate, parity, data bit, stop bit, and flow control.

Operation: Main → [6]COM Port Setting → [1-4]Select Port → [2]Com Settings

```
-----  
COM1 Setting  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
[1]Uart mode      : RS485  
[2]Baud rate     : 115200 bps  
[3]Parity        : None  
[4]Data bits     : 8 bits  
[5]Stop bits     : 1 bit  
[6]Flow control  : Xon/Xoff  
:  
:
```

Figure 6.15

## 6.7 Alert Settings

There are two sub-menu settings included inside the Alert Settings, which are E-mail Settings and Alert Event.

```
-----  
Alert Settings  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
[1]E-mail Settings  
[2]Alert Event  
:  
:
```

Figure 6.16

### 6.7.1 Configuring E-mail

When an alert event triggered, SE5416A Series can send that event through email. Here you can configure **Sender's Email Address**, **Receiver's Email Address** (up to 5), **Mail Server**, and **Require Authentication**.

Operation: Main → [7]Alert Settings → [1]E-mail Settings

```
-----  
E-mail Setting  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
[1]Sender's Email Address      :  
[2]Receiver's Email Address 1  :  
[3]Receiver's Email Address 2  :  
[4]Receiver's Email Address 3  :  
[5]Receiver's Email Address 4  :  
[6]Receiver's Email Address 5  :  
[7]Mail Server                 :  
[8]Require Authentication      : No  
:
```

Figure 6.17

### 6.7.2 Configuring Alert Event

Choose the Alert events that SE5416A Series should trigger and the method it should use to notify that event (Email, Trap, or Relay). Available events are **Cold Start**, **Warm Start**, **Authentication Failure**, **IP Address Change**, **Password Change**, and **Link Down**.

Operation: Main → [7]Alert Settings → [2]Alert Event

```
-----  
Alert Event  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
[1]Cold Start                  : Email OFF, Trap OFF  
[2]Warm Start                  : Email OFF, Trap OFF  
[3]Authentication Failure     : Email OFF, Trap OFF  
[4]IP Address Changed          : Email OFF  
[5>Password Changed            : Email OFF  
[7]LAN1 Link Down              : Relay OFF  
[8]LAN2 Link Down              : Relay OFF  
:
```

Figure 6.18

## 6.8 System Configuration

There are three sub-menus included inside the System Settings, which are Link State, Time, and Security.

Operation: Main→ [8]System

```
-----  
                System Settings  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
[1]Link State  
[2]Time      : Manual  
[3]Security  
:  
:
```

Figure 6.19

### 6.8.1 Link State

Link State information of each COM port will be displayed.

Operation: Main→ [8]System→[1]Link State

```
Remark: L-Listen, C-Connecting, D-Connected, R-Ready  
-----  
Port  Type      IP1      IP2      IP3      IP4      IP5      IP6  
-----  
01 TCP Server   L  
02 TCP Client  C  
03 UDP         R  
04 TCP Server   L  
05 TCP Server   L  
06 TCP Server   L  
07 TCP Server   L  
08 TCP Server   L  
09 TCP Server   L  
10 TCP Server   L  
11 TCP Server   L  
12 TCP Server   L  
13 TCP Server   L  
14 TCP Server   L  
15 TCP Server   L  
16 TCP Server   L  
  
Press '0' to cancel ...
```

Figure 6.20

### 6.8.2 Time Settings

You can configure the system time manually or let SE5416A Series retrieve time information from a NTP server. The changed will take effect immediately after the settings are saved.

Operation: Main→[8]System→[2]Time

```
-----  
Time Settings  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
[1]Manual      : 2000-02-08 07:23:05  
[2]NTP        : Disable  
: _
```

Figure 6.21

### 6.8.3 Security Settings

You can change the system password here. Moreover, you can block different access method to prevent system intrusion.

Operation: Main→[8]System→[3]Security

```
-----  
Security  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
[1]Change Password  
[2]Web Console      : Enable  
[3]Telnet Console  : Enable  
[4]LCM Password Protect : Disable  
[5]Reset Button Protect : Disable  
: _
```

Figure 6.22

---

**Note:** Please be aware not to disable options [2-4] all together because further configuration would be not possible.

---

## 6.9 Restoring Factory Default

Choose and confirm this option to reset SE5416A Series back to its default settings. The device would restart automatically to apply the default settings.

Operation: Main → [9]Set to Default

```
-----  
Main Menu  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
[1]Overview  
[2]Networking  
[6]COM Port Settings  
[7]Alert Settings  
[8]System  
[9]Set to Default  
[a]Restart  
:9  
Set to Default? (y/N)  
:_
```

Figure 6.23

## 6.10 Restart System

Choose and confirm this option to restart SE5416A Series.

Operation: main → [a]Restart

```
-----  
Main Menu  
-----  
[0]EXIT  
[1]Overview  
[2]Networking  
[6]COM Port Settings  
[7]Alert Settings  
[8]System  
[9]Set to Default  
[a]Restart  
:a  
Are you sure you want to restart? (y/N)  
:_
```

Figure 6.24

## 7 Link Modes and Applications

---

### 7.1 Link Mode Configuration

SE5416A Series supports different Link Modes, which are TCP Server, TCP Client, and UDP. Under the three Link Modes, TCP Server can support RAW, Virtual COM, or Reverse Telnet applications. TCP Client can support Virtual COM application. In the upcoming sections, we will discuss how to setup different Link Modes properly.

Modes		Supports
TCP	Server	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ RAW</li><li>■ VCOM</li><li>■ Reverse Telnet</li></ul>
	Client	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ VCOM</li></ul>
UDP		Connectionless protocol

### 7.1.1 TCP Server Mode

SE5416A Series can be configured as a TCP server in a TCP/IP Network to listen for an incoming TCP client connection to a serial device. After the connection is established between the serial device server and the host computer, data can be transmitted in both directions; this also applies whenever the VCOM is running on server mode. Please be reminded that this is the device's default link mode.

## TCP Server Mode

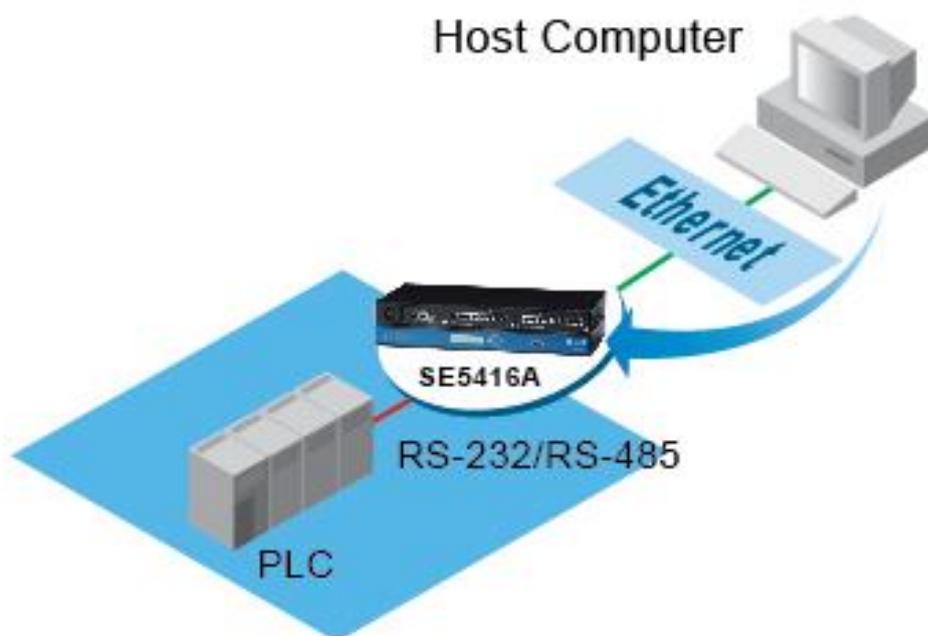


Figure 7.1

SE5416A Series defaults in TCP Server mode, there are additional connection settings that can be configured, Figure 7.2. By selecting the TCP Server mode, a TCP Client program should be prepared to connect to SE5416A Series.

TCP Server	
Mode	RAW
Max. Connections	1
	<input type="radio"/> Request & Response Mode <input type="radio"/> Reply to requester only <input checked="" type="radio"/> Reply to all <input checked="" type="radio"/> Transparent Mode
IP Filter	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable
Source IP	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Local Port	4660
<input type="checkbox"/> Apply to all serial ports (Local Port will be enumerated automatically.)	

Figure 7.2

For setting as a TCP Server, please follow these steps.

- Click on the COMX link under **Serial** on the left hand side.
- Select TCP Server in the Link Modes; TCP Server is the default link mode. Also in this section you will find the following options.
  - ◆ **Mode**, there are 3 different communication modes here:
    - **RAW**, there is no protocol on this mode, meaning the data is passed transparently.
    - **Virtual COM**, the Virtual COM protocol is enabled on the device to communicate with a virtualized port from the client. It is possible to create a Virtual COM port on Windows/Linux in order to communicate with the device as a Client.
    - **Reverse Telnet**, used to connect the device and another serial device (usually a Terminal Server) with a Telnet program. Telnet programs in Windows / Linux usually require special handshaking to get the outputs and formatting show properly. The SE5416A Series will interact with those special commands (CR/LF commands) once Reverse Telnet is enabled.
- Enter the Local Port, this option specifies the port number that the server should listen to; it is used by the client to connect to the server. Default local port is 4660.
- Go to [Response Behavior](#) for more information on this setting. For serial settings, go to

**Sec. 5.4.1.** For Advanced settings, go to **Sec. 5.4.2.**

- Scroll to the bottom of the page and click on “**Save Configuration**” button to save the changes.

Other important variables to consider are:

- **IP Filter**, enables the Source IP option below to block an IP address from accessing the COM port.
- **Source IP**, specifies the device’s Source IP which will be transmitting data to our Server. In other words, our Server will only allow data from this IP to flow (hence its own name implies Source IP); only one source is allowed.
- **Maximum Connection**, the number of devices/clients (max. of 4 clients), to be served is set in this section.
- **Response Behavior**, in which we will have as options:
  - ◆ **Request & Response Mode**, it determines how the device will proceed when it receives requests from connected hosts. Under this mode, the port will hold requests from all other connected hosts until the serial device replies or the Response Interval timeout takes into effect to discard it; however, unrequested data sent from the serial device would be forwarded to all connected hosts.
    - **Reply to requester only**, the port will reply to the connected host who requested the data only.
    - **Reply to all**, a reply is sent to all connected hosts.
  - ◆ **Transparent mode**, the port will forward requests from all connected hosts to the serial device immediately and reply to all connected hosts once it receives data from the serial device.

---

**Note:** LINK1 is associated with COM1; LINK2 is associated with COM2, and so on.

---

### 7.1.2 TCP Client Mode

SE5416A Series can be configured as a TCP client in TCP/IP Network to establish a connection with a TCP server in the host computer. After the connection is established, data can be transmitted between a serial device and a host computer in both directions; this also applies to Virtual COM running in the client mode.

#### TCP Client Mode

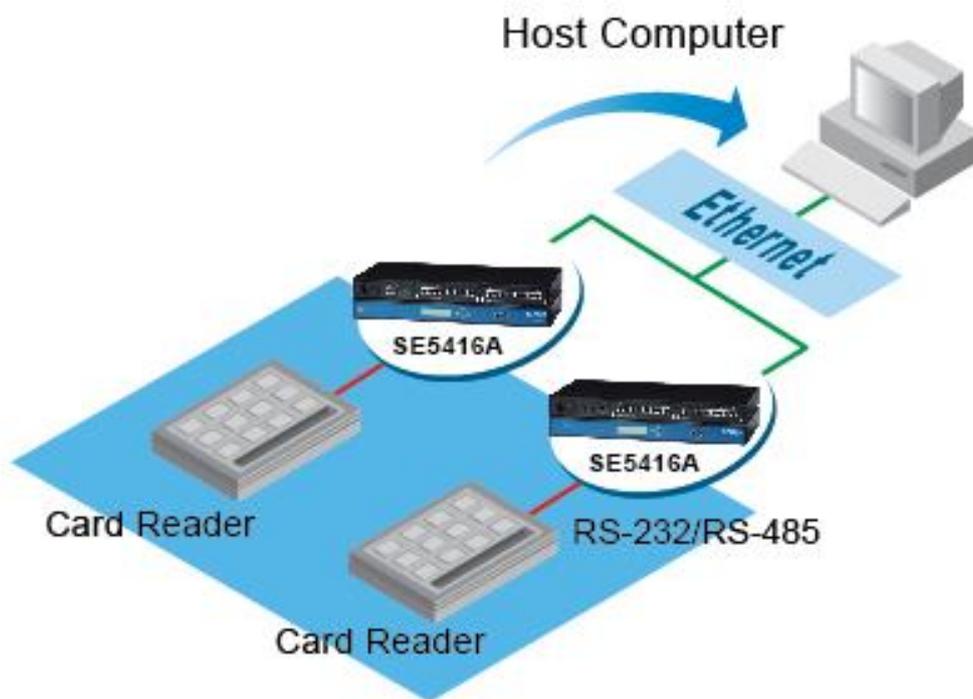


Figure 7.3

By selecting the TCP Client mode, it means that a TCP Server program should be prepared to connect to SE5416A Series; Figure 7.4 shows all the settings provided for the TCP Client.

<input type="radio"/> TCP Server <input checked="" type="radio"/> TCP Client <input type="radio"/> UDP	
<b>TCP Client</b>	
Mode	RAW <input type="button" value="♀"/>
Destination IP 1	10 . 0 . 50 . 10
Destination Port 1	4660
Destination 2	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable
Destination IP 2	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Destination Port 2	4660
	<input type="radio"/> Request & Response Mode <input type="radio"/> Reply to requester only <input checked="" type="radio"/> Reply to all <input checked="" type="radio"/> Transparent Mode
	<input type="checkbox"/> Apply to all serial ports

Figure 7.4

For setting as a TCP Client, please follow these steps.

- Click on the COMX port under **Serial** on the left hand side.
- Select TCP Client in the Link modes.
- Only two communication modes are available here: RAW and Virtual COM which definitions are the same as above in **Mode**.
- Enter the preferred **Destination IP** and **Port**. This should match the IP settings of the TCP Server program.
- Enable and enter Destination IP 2 and Port 2 if necessary. Two different servers can be set here (for redundancy), the second server has to be enabled by ticking the box.
- Go to **Response Behavior** for more information on this setting. For serial settings, go to **Sec. 5.4.1**. For Advanced settings, go to **Sec. 5.4.2**.
- Scroll to the bottom and click on "**Save Configuration**" button to save the changes.

### 7.1.3 UDP Mode

UDP is a faster but connectionless network protocol; it does not guarantee the delivery of network datagram. The SE5416A Series can be configured to transfer data using unicast or multicast UDP from the serial device to one or multiple host computers, data can be transmitted between serial device and host computer in both directions.

There is no **server** or **client** concept on this protocol, they are called **peers** or **nodes**. So here you only need to specify the **Local Port** that we should listen to and specify the **Destination IPs** of the remote **UDP nodes**.

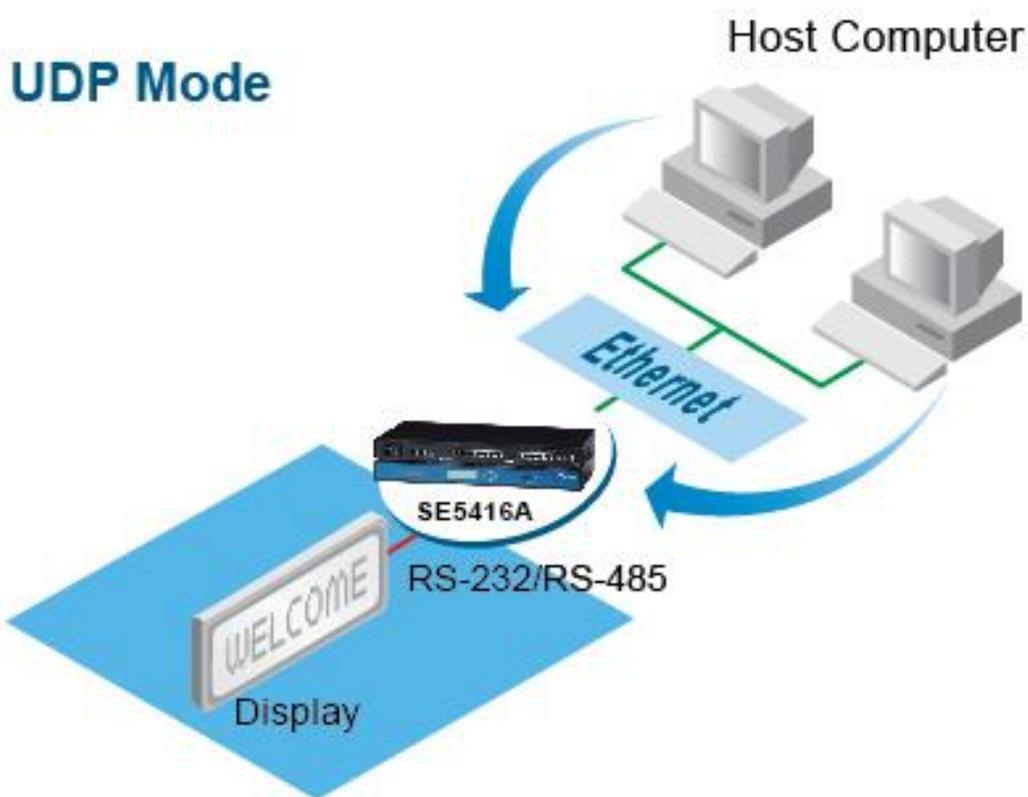


Figure 7.5

SE5416A Series also supports connectionless UDP protocol compared to the connection-oriented TCP protocol. Please be aware that even though UDP provides better efficiency in terms of response time and resource usage, it does not guarantee data delivery. It is recommended to utilize UDP only with cyclic polling protocols where each request is repeated and independent, such as Modbus Protocol; Figure 7.6 shows the UDP settings.

The screenshot shows a configuration window for UDP. At the top, there are three radio buttons: 'TCP Server', 'TCP Client', and 'UDP', with 'UDP' selected. Below this is a green header bar with the text 'UDP'. Underneath the header is a 'Local Port' field containing the value '4660'. The main part of the interface is a table with 8 rows, each representing a 'Destination IP Address' from 1 to 8. Each row has an 'Enable' checkbox, a range of IP addresses (e.g., '10 . 0 . 50 . 10 ~ 20' for address 1), and a 'Port' field (all set to '4660'). At the bottom of the table is a checkbox labeled 'Apply to all serial ports (Local Port will be enumerated automatically.)'.

Destination IP Address	Enable	IP Range	Port
Destination IP Address 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	10 . 0 . 50 . 10 ~ 20	4660
Destination IP Address 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	0 . 0 . 0 . 0 ~ 0	4660
Destination IP Address 3	<input type="checkbox"/>	0 . 0 . 0 . 0 ~ 0	4660
Destination IP Address 4	<input type="checkbox"/>	0 . 0 . 0 . 0 ~ 0	4660
Destination IP Address 5	<input type="checkbox"/>	0 . 0 . 0 . 0 ~ 0	4660
Destination IP Address 6	<input type="checkbox"/>	0 . 0 . 0 . 0 ~ 0	4660
Destination IP Address 7	<input type="checkbox"/>	0 . 0 . 0 . 0 ~ 0	4660
Destination IP Address 8	<input type="checkbox"/>	0 . 0 . 0 . 0 ~ 0	4660

Apply to all serial ports (Local Port will be enumerated automatically.)

Figure 7.6

- Click on the COMX port under **Serial** on the left hand side.
- Select UDP in the Link modes.
- **Destination IP and Port:** Specify the **Begin** and **End IP** here. Four groups of range IPs are allowed. This is the **IP** address of the UDP program and the **Port** it is listening to. Note that the maximum number of UDP nodes that SE5416A Series can handle would highly depend on the traffic load. *We have tested that SE5416A Series can handle up to 100 UDP nodes (baud rate 9600 bps, request interval 100ms, and data length 30bytes).*
- Enter the **Local Listening Port**. This is the port that SE5416A Series should listen to. Match this setting in the UDP program (usually called destination port in the UDP program).
- For serial settings, go to [Sec. 5.4.1](#). For Advanced settings, go to [Sec. 5.4.2](#).
- Scroll to the bottom of the page and click on “**Save Configuration**” button to save the changes.

## 7.2 Link Mode Applications

### 7.2.1 TCP Server Application: Enable Virtual COM

SE5416A Series will encapsulate control packets on top of the real data when Virtual COM is enabled. This will allow the Virtual COM port in the Windows/Linux system to access SE5416A Series' COM ports. The benefit of using Virtual COM is that rewriting an existing COM program to read IP packets is unnecessary. In other words, it is possible to use an ordinary serial (COM) program. The conversion/virtualization of IP to COM is all done in the system driver transparently. Figure 7.7 shows SE5416A Series in TCP Server mode with Virtual COM enabled.

TCP Server	
Mode	Virtual COM
Max. Connections	1
	<input type="radio"/> Request & Response Mode <input type="radio"/> Reply to requester only <input checked="" type="radio"/> Reply to all <input checked="" type="radio"/> Transparent Mode
IP Filter	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable
Source IP	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Local Port	4660
<input type="checkbox"/> Apply to all serial ports (Local Port will be enumerated automatically.)	

Figure 7.7

- Follow [Sec 7.1.1](#) to configure SE5416A Series in TCP Server mode properly.
- Click on the dropdown box of the **Mode** option and switch to “**Virtual COM**” to enable Virtual COM application in SE5416A Series.
- Scroll to the bottom of the page and click on “**Save Configuration**” button to save the changes.
- Configure Virtual COM in the Operating System. For Windows, refer to [Chapter 8](#). For Linux, refer to a separate manual included in the Linux driver zip file. Remember SE5416A Series' IP address and **Local Port** here in order to enter this information in

Serial/IP Virtual COM's Control Panel later.

### 7.2.2 TCP Server Application: Enable RFC 2217

The underlying protocol of Virtual COM is based on RFC 2217, the Telnet COM Control Option. Therefore, it is possible to use RFC 2217 with SE5416A Series in the TCP Server mode. To do so, refer to [Sec 7.2.1](#) to enable Virtual COM, so that SE5416A Series becomes aware of the commands. Note that there is no need to configure Virtual COM on the Operating System because Virtual COM ports would not be used.

### 7.2.3 TCP Client Application: Enable Virtual COM

It is also possible to run VCOM in TCP Client mode. It is usually easier to use Virtual COM in the Client mode if SE5416A Series uses dynamic IP (DHCP) because setting a static IP address in Virtual COM's Control Panel in the Operating System is not possible.

TCP Client	
Mode	Virtual COM
Destination IP 1	10 . 0 . 50 . 10
Destination Port 1	4660
Destination 2	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable
Destination IP 2	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Destination Port 2	4660
	<input type="radio"/> Request & Response Mode <input type="radio"/> Reply to requester only <input checked="" type="radio"/> Reply to all <input checked="" type="radio"/> Transparent Mode
<input type="checkbox"/> Apply to all serial ports	

Figure 7.8

- Follow [Sec. 7.1.2](#) to configure SE5416A Series in TCP Client mode properly.
- Click on the dropdown box of the **Mode** option and switch to “**Virtual COM**” to enabled

Virtual COM application in SE5416A Series.

- Scroll to the bottom of the page and click on “**Save Configuration**” button to save the changes.
- Configure Virtual COM in the Operating System. For Windows, refer to [Chapter 8](#). For Linux, refer to a separate manual included in the Linux driver zip file. Remember the Destination Port here in order to enter this information in Serial/IP Virtual COM's Control Panel later.

### **7.2.4 TCP Client Application: Enable RFC 2217**

The underlying protocol of Virtual COM is based on RFC 2217, the Telnet COM Control Option. Therefore, it is possible to use RFC 2217 with SE5416A Series in the TCP Client mode. To do so, refer to [Sec. 7.2.3](#) to enable Virtual COM, so that SE5416A Series becomes aware of the commands. Note that there is no need to configure Virtual COM on the Operating System because Virtual COM ports would not be used.

### **7.2.5 TCP Server Application: Configure SE5416A Series as a Pair Connection Master**

Pair Connection is useful when pairing up two serial devices over the Ethernet or when it is impossible to install Virtual COM in the serial device. Pair connection does require two SE5416A Series to work in pair, one would be the Pair Connection Master and the other would be the Pair Connection Slave.

TCP Server	
Mode	Virtual COM
Max. Connections	1
	<input type="radio"/> Request & Response Mode <input type="radio"/> Reply to requester only <input type="radio"/> Reply to all <input checked="" type="radio"/> Transparent Mode
IP Filter	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable
Source IP	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Local Port	4660
<input type="checkbox"/> Apply to all serial ports (Local Port will be enumerated automatically.)	

Figure 7.9

- Follow [Sec. 7.2.1](#) to configure SE5416A Series in TCP Server mode properly.
- Click on the dropdown box of the **Mode** option and switch to “**Virtual COM**” to enable Virtual COM application in SE5416A Series.
- Scroll to the bottom of the page and click on “**Save Configuration**” button to save the changes.
- Remember Pair Connection Master’s IP address here in order to enter this information in the Slave later.
- Proceed to the [Sec. 7.2.6](#) to configure a Slave to connect to this Master.

### 7.2.6 TCP Client Application: Configure SE5416A Series as a Pair Connection Slave

A **Pair Connection Slave**, is shown in Figure 7.10; it is necessary to pair up with a **Pair Connection Master**. Please setup a **Pair Connection Master** first before proceeding.

<input type="radio"/> TCP Server <input checked="" type="radio"/> TCP Client <input type="radio"/> UDP	
<b>TCP Client</b>	
Mode	Virtual COM ▾
Destination IP 1	10 . 0 . 50 . 10
Destination Port 1	4660
Destination 2	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable
Destination IP 2	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Destination Port 2	4660
	<input type="radio"/> Request & Response Mode <input type="radio"/> Reply to requester only <input checked="" type="radio"/> Reply to all <input checked="" type="radio"/> Transparent Mode
<input type="checkbox"/> Apply to all serial ports	

Figure 7.10

- Follow [Sec. 7.1.2](#) to configure SE5416A Series in TCP Client mode properly.
- Click on the dropdown box of the **Mode** option and switch to “**Virtual COM**” to enable Virtual COM application in SE5416A Series.
- Match the Destination IP with the settings of Pair Connection Master’s IP that was setup previously.
- Scroll to the bottom of the page and click on “**Save Configuration**” button to save the changes.

### 7.2.7 TCP Server Application: Enable Reverse Telnet

Reverse Telnet is useful if a telnet program is used to connect to SE5416A Series and the serial interface of the SE5416A Series is connected to a Terminal Server. Telnet programs in Windows/Linux require special handshaking to get the outputs and formatting show properly. SE5416A Series will interact with those special commands (CR/LF commands) if Reverse Telnet is enabled.

<input checked="" type="radio"/> TCP Server <input type="radio"/> TCP Client <input type="radio"/> UDP	
<b>TCP Server</b>	
Mode	Reverse Telnet ▾
Max. Connections	1 ▾
	<input type="radio"/> Request & Response Mode <input type="radio"/> Reply to requester only <input type="radio"/> Reply to all <input checked="" type="radio"/> Transparent Mode
IP Filter	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable
Source IP	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Local Port	4660
<input type="checkbox"/> Apply to all serial ports (Local Port will be enumerated automatically.)	

Figure 7.11

- Follow [Sec. 7.2.1](#) to configure SE5416A Series in TCP Server mode properly.
- Click on the dropdown box of the **Mode** option and switch to “**Reverse Telnet**” to enabled Reverse Telnet application in SE5416A Series.
- Scroll to the bottom of the page and click on “**Save Configuration**” button to save the changes.

### 7.2.8 UDP Application: Multi-Point Pair Connection

It is also possible to setup pair connection in UDP mode to have more than one Pair Connection Master or Slave to communicate to each other. For example, it is possible to setup one Modbus Master and six Modbus Slaves in UDP, Figure 7.12. Note again that UDP does not guarantee data delivery and only data would be transmitted over Ethernet; other serial pings are not transmitted. If RS-232 along with flow control, it is recommended to use Multi-Point Pair Connection in TCP, see [Sec. 7.2.10](#).

---

**Note:** the destination IP and Port of the Slaves need to be equal to the Master’s IP and Port. Local Listening Port for the Slaves need to be equal to the Master’s Destination Port, see table below for an example.

---

	IP Address	Link Mode	Local Listening Port	Destination IP	Destination Port
SE5416A Master COM1	10.0.50.100	UDP	5000	10.0.50.200~10.0.50.202	5000
SE5416A Master COM1	10.0.50.100	UDP	5001	10.0.50.200~10.0.50.201	5000
SE5416A Master COM1	10.0.50.100	UDP	5002	10.0.50.200	5000
SE5416A Slave 1 COM1	10.0.50.200	UDP	5000	10.0.50.100	5000
SE5416A Slave 1 COM2	10.0.50.200	UDP	5001	10.0.50.100	5001
SE5416A Slave 1 COM3	10.0.50.200	UDP	5002	10.0.50.100	5002
SE5416A Slave 2 COM1	10.0.50.201	UDP	5000	10.0.50.100	5000
SE5416A Slave 2 COM2	10.0.50.201	UDP	5001	10.0.50.100	5001
SE5416A Slave 3 COM1	10.0.50.202	UDP	5000	10.0.50.100	5000

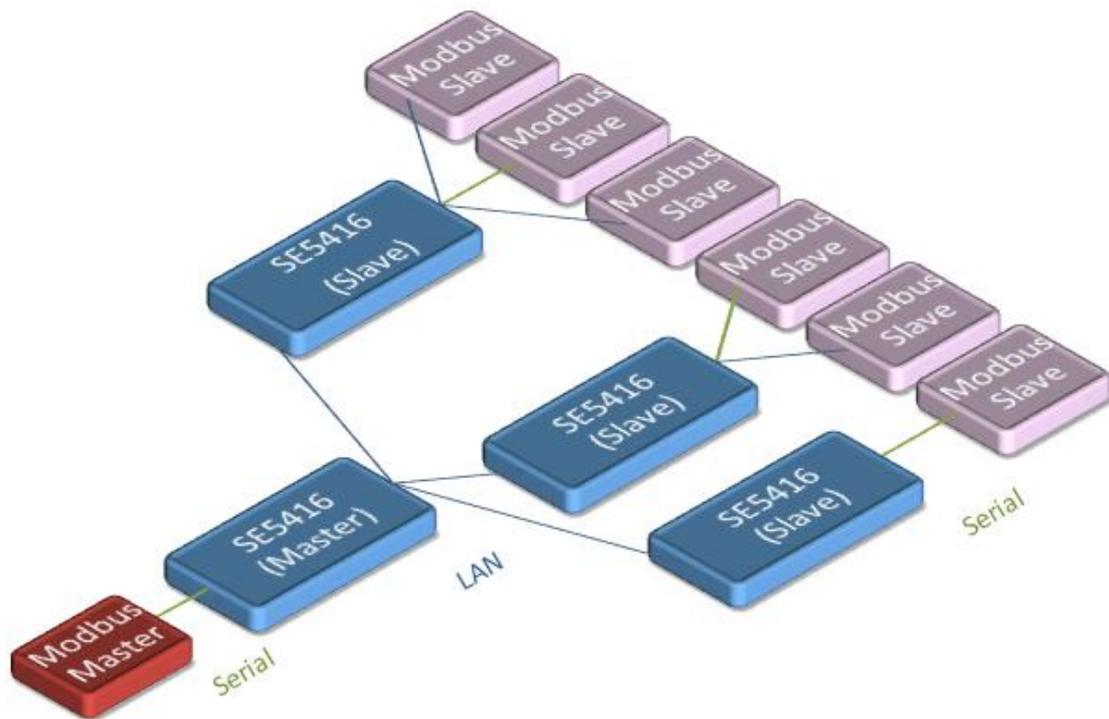


Figure 7.12

### 7.2.9 TCP Server Application: Multiple TCP Connections

The Multi-Connection option will allow up to a maximum of four TCP Client connections. Note that it is also possible to use this multi-connection feature in conjunction with other TCP Server applications, such as Virtual COM, Pair Connection, and Reverse Telnet. For example, enabling multi-connection along with Pair Connection will result in Multi-Point Pair Connection in TCP mode ([Sec. 7.2.10](#)). For more information on Response behaviors please go to ([Response Behavior](#)).

<input checked="" type="radio"/> TCP Server <input type="radio"/> TCP Client <input type="radio"/> UDP	
<b>TCP Server</b>	
Mode	RAW ▾
Max. Connections	4 ▾
	<input type="radio"/> Request & Response Mode <input type="radio"/> Reply to requester only <input checked="" type="radio"/> Reply to all <input checked="" type="radio"/> Transparent Mode
IP Filter	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable
Source IP	0 - 0 - 0 - 0
Local Port	4660
<input type="checkbox"/> Apply to all serial ports (Local Port will be enumerated automatically.)	

Figure 7.13

## 7.2.10 TCP Server Application: Multi-Point TCP Pair Connections

The difference between Multi-Point TCP Pair Connection and Multi-Point UDP Pair Connection is that the TCP implementation would also exchange flow control pins for RS-232. However, the TCP Server is limited to a maximum of four connections. If there are four serial devices and they don't use flow control pins with RS-232 or RS-485, it is possible to setup pair connection in UDP mode, [Sec. 7.2.8](#). After multi-connection is enabled in the WebUI, refer to the following table to setup Pair Connection as in Figure 7.14.

	IP Address	Link Mode	Application	Local Listening Port	Destination IP	Destination Port
SE5416A Master COM1	10.0.50.100	TCP Server	Pair Connection Master	4660	-	-
SE5416A Slave 1 COM1	10.0.50.200	TCP Client	Pair Connection Slave	-	10.0.50.100	4660
SE5416A Slave 1 COM2	10.0.50.200	TCP Client	Pair Connection Slave	-	10.0.50.100	4660
SE5416A Slave 2 COM3	10.0.50.200	TCP Client	Pair Connection Slave	-	10.0.50.100	4660
SE5416A Slave 3 COM1	10.0.50.201	TCP Client	Pair Connection Slave	-	10.0.50.100	4660

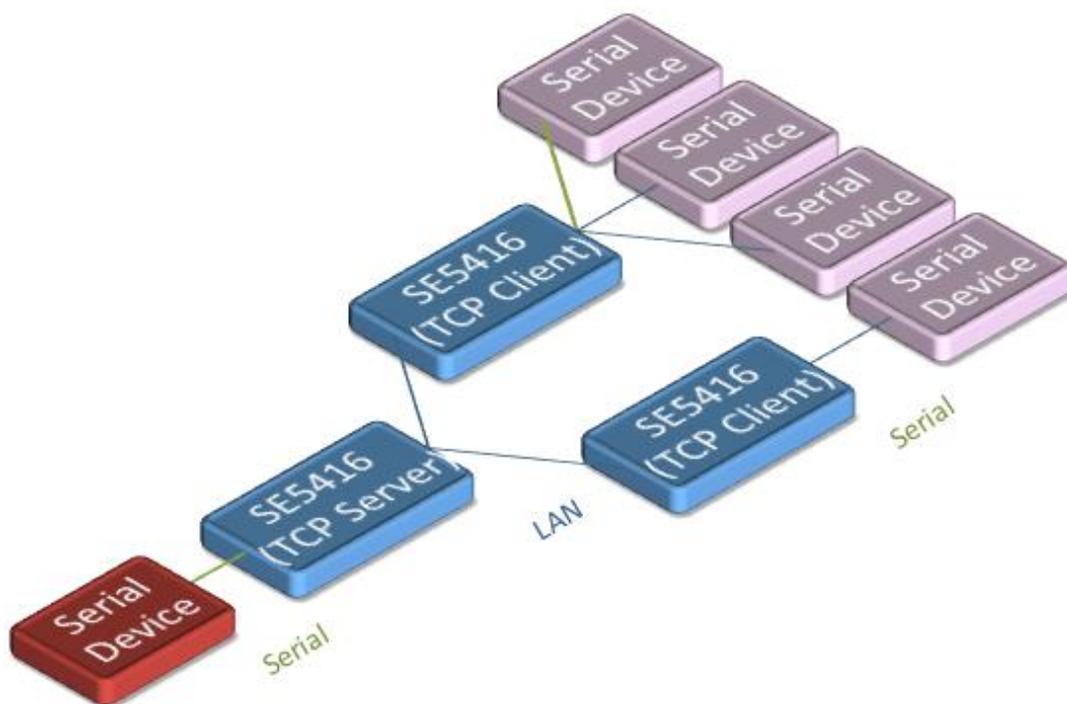


Figure 7.14

## 8 VCOM Installation & Troubleshooting

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### 8.1 Enabling VCOM

SE5416A Series will encapsulate control packets on top of the real data when Virtual COM is enabled. This will allow the Virtual COM port in the Windows/Linux system to access SE5416A Series' COM ports. Remember that VCOM can only be enabled on TCP Server Mode or TCP Client, Figure 8.1.

The screenshot shows a configuration window for a TCP Server. At the top, there are three radio buttons: 'TCP Server' (selected), 'TCP Client', and 'UDP'. Below this is a green header bar with the text 'TCP Server'. The main area is a table with the following fields:

Mode	Virtual COM (dropdown menu)
Max. Connections	RAW (dropdown menu)
	Virtual COM (dropdown menu)
	Reverse Telnet (dropdown menu)
	<input type="radio"/> Request & Response Mode <input type="radio"/> Reply to requester only <input checked="" type="radio"/> Reply to all <input checked="" type="radio"/> Transparent Mode
IP Filter	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable
Source IP	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Local Port	4660
<input type="checkbox"/> Apply to all serial ports (Local Port will be enumerated automatically.)	

Figure 8.1

<input type="radio"/> TCP Server <input checked="" type="radio"/> TCP Client <input type="radio"/> UDP	
<b>TCP Client</b>	
Mode	Virtual COM ▾
Destination IP 1	RAW Virtual COM 50 . 10
Destination Port 1	4660
Destination 2	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable
Destination IP 2	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Destination Port 2	4660
	<input type="radio"/> Request & Response Mode <input type="radio"/> Reply to requester only <input checked="" type="radio"/> Reply to all <input checked="" type="radio"/> Transparent Mode
<input type="checkbox"/> Apply to all serial ports	

Figure 8.2

Virtual COM allows remote access of serial devices over TCP/IP networks through Serial/IP Virtual COM ports that work like local native COM ports; Figure 8.3 is a Virtual COM connection diagram.

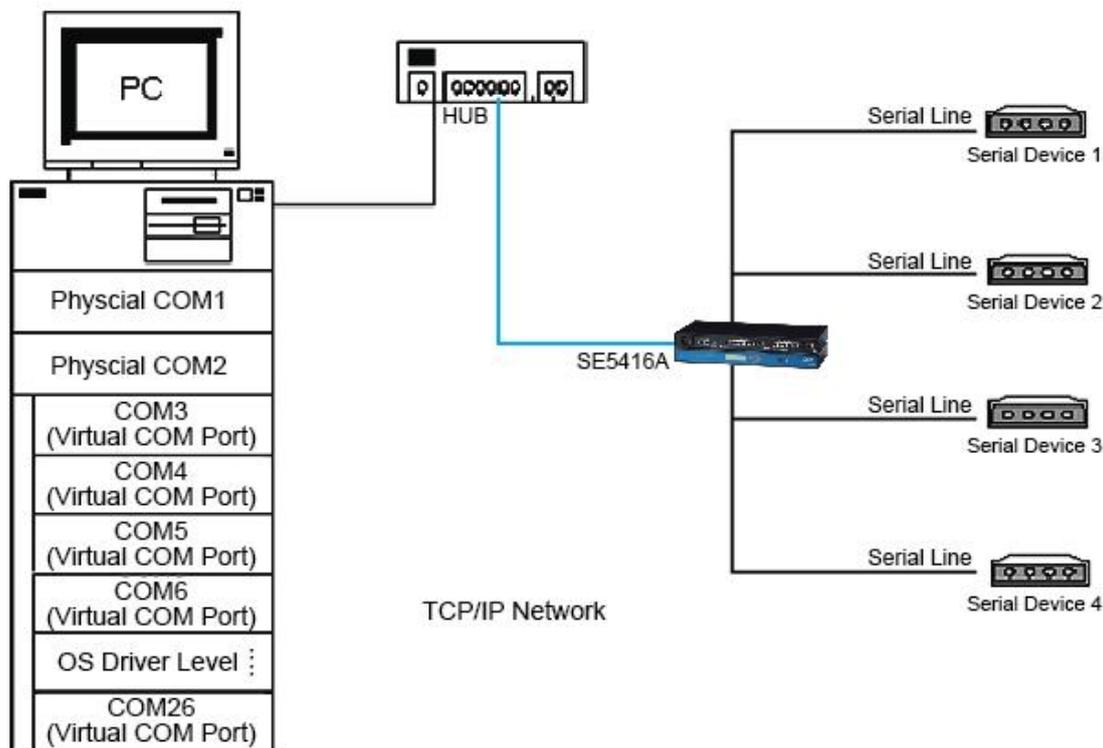


Figure 8.3

### 8.1.1 VCOM driver setup

#### System Requirements

- Windows 7/2008/Vista/2003/XP/2000/NT4/9x (32-bit or 64-bit version automatically installs)
- Native and virtual platforms, including Virtual Server and VMware
- Linux, also available but first you might need to download a separate package called Virtual COM driver for Linux (**TTYredirector**) available for download on Atop website or in the product CD. The zipped package includes a binary file for installation and a manual for Linux systems.

### 8.1.2 Limitations

The Virtual COM driver allows up to 256 **Virtual COM ports** in a single PC. Selecting in the range from COM1 to COM4096 is allowed. Note that COM ports already occupied by the system or other devices will not be available.

### 8.1.3 Installation

Run the Virtual COM setup file included in the CD or download a copy from our website to install the Virtual COM driver for the operating system. Turn off your anti-virus software and try again if installation fails. At the end of the installation, please select at least one Virtual COM port from the Serial/IP Control Panel.

### 8.1.4 Uninstalling

- From Windows Start Menu select Control Panel, Add/Remove Programs.
- Select Serial/IP Version x.x.x in the list of installed software.
- Click the Remove button to remove the program.

## 8.2 Enabling Virtual COM

### 8.2.1 Enable VCOM in Serial device servers

Enable Virtual COM in our serial device servers by logging into our WebUI. It is located under **COM configuration**. Figure 8.4 show how to enable Virtual COM in SE5416A Series. For a detailed **Link Mode configuration with Virtual COM**, please refer to [Sec. 7.2.1](#).

TCP Server	
Mode	Virtual COM
Max. Connections	1
	<input type="radio"/> Request & Response Mode <input type="radio"/> Reply to requester only <input checked="" type="radio"/> Reply to all <input checked="" type="radio"/> Transparent Mode
IP Filter	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable
Source IP	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Local Port	4660
<input type="checkbox"/> Apply to all serial ports (Local Port will be enumerated automatically.)	

Figure 8.4

## 8.2.2 Running Serial/IP in Windows

Find Serial/IP Control Panel from:

- Start → All Programs → Serial/IP → Control Panel
- In the Windows Control Panel, open the Serial/IP applet.
- In the Windows notification area, Figure 8.5; right click in the Serial/IP tray icon and click on **Configure** to open the Control Panel.

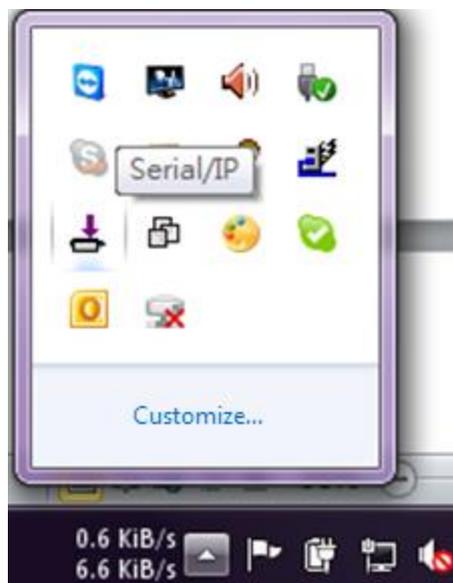


Figure 8.5

If no Virtual COM port is selected, a dialog will pop up and asks to select at least one port as the Virtual COM port before proceeding, Figure 8.6.

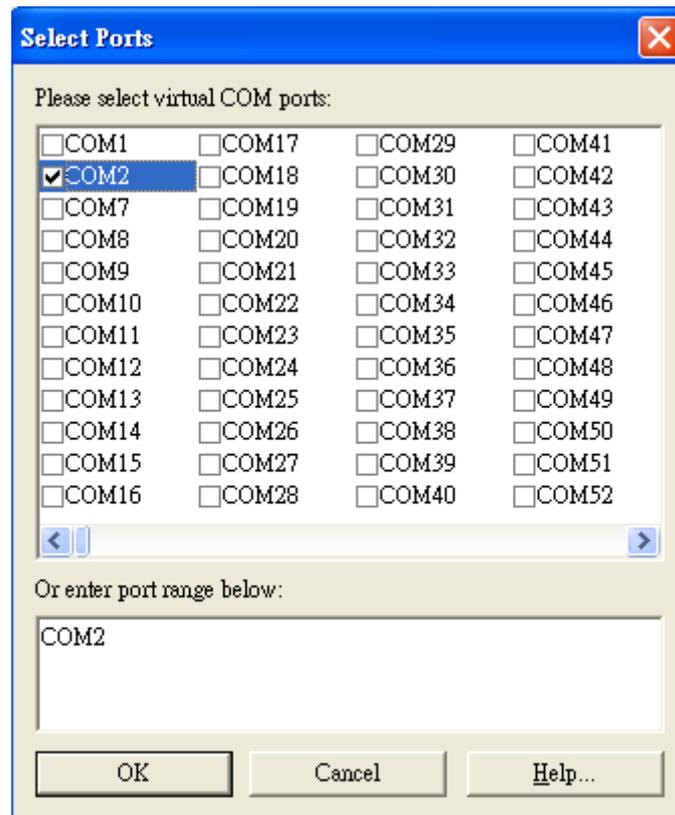


Figure 8.6

After at least one Virtual COM port is selected, the Control Panel will show, Figure 8.7.

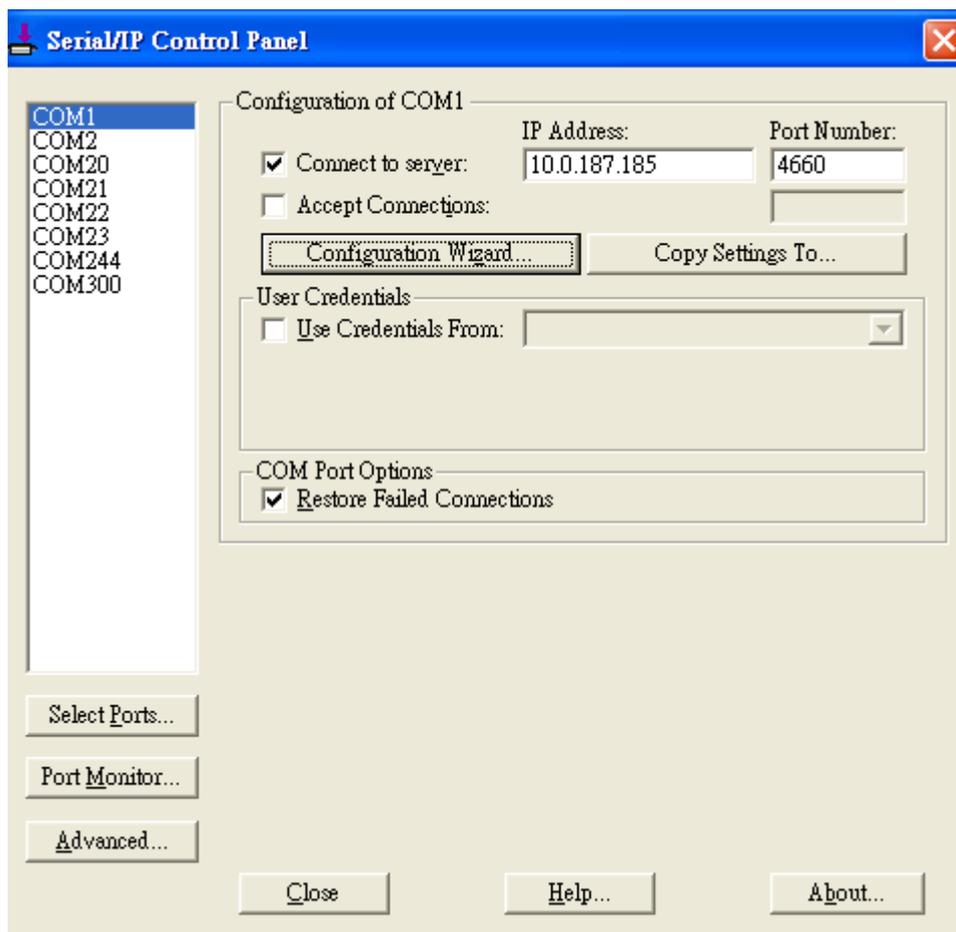


Figure 8.7

The left hand side of the Control Panel shows the list of selected Virtual COM ports. Click on **Select Ports** to add or remove Virtual COM ports from the list. The right hand side of the Control Panel shows the configurations of the selected Virtual COM port marked in blue. Each Virtual COM port can have its own settings.

---

**Note:** The changes to Virtual COM ports apply immediately, so there is no need to save the settings manually. However, if the Virtual COM port is already in use, it is necessary to close the Virtual COM port and open it after the TCP connection closes completely in order for the changes to take effect.

---

### 8.2.3 Configuring VCOM Ports

- If the serial device server is running in TCP Server mode (recommended), a Serial/IP should be the TCP Client connecting to the serial device server. Enable **Connect to Server** and enter the **IP Address** of the serial device server with the **Port Number** specified. The **Port Number** here is the Local Listening Port for the serial device server.
- If the serial device server is running in TCP Client mode, Serial/IP should be the TCP Server waiting for a serial device server to connect it. Enable **Accept Connections** and enter the **Port Number**. The **Port Number** here is the Destination Port of the serial device server. Do not enable **Connect to Server** and **Accept Connections** together.

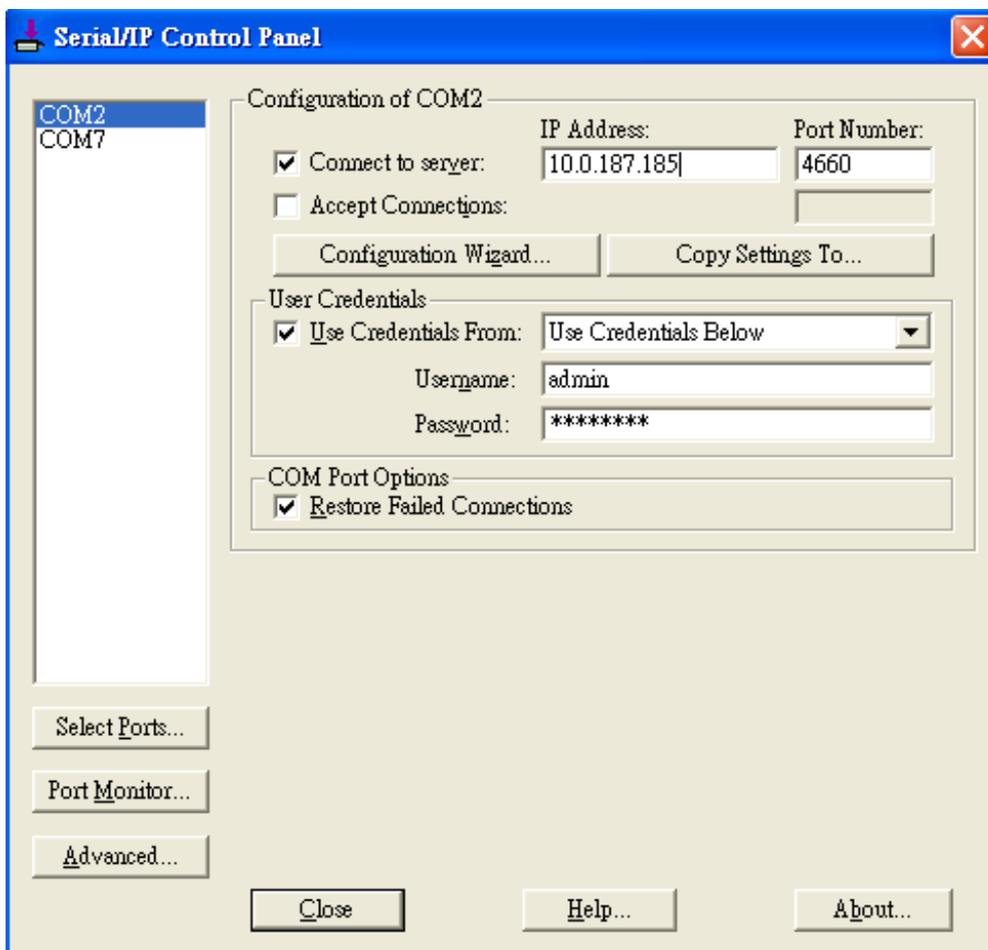


Figure 8.8

- Enable **Restore Failed Connections** to force Virtual COM to automatically restore failed connections with the serial device server in the case of unstable network connections.
- To test the Virtual COM connection, click the Configuration Wizard button and then click **Start** button in the pop up window, Figure 8.9. If the test passes, all checks should be in green. To apply the changes in the Configuration Wizard window to the Control Panel,

click on **Use Settings**. Click on **Copy** to copy the results to the system clipboard.

- To transfer the settings between Virtual COM ports, click on the Copy Settings To button.

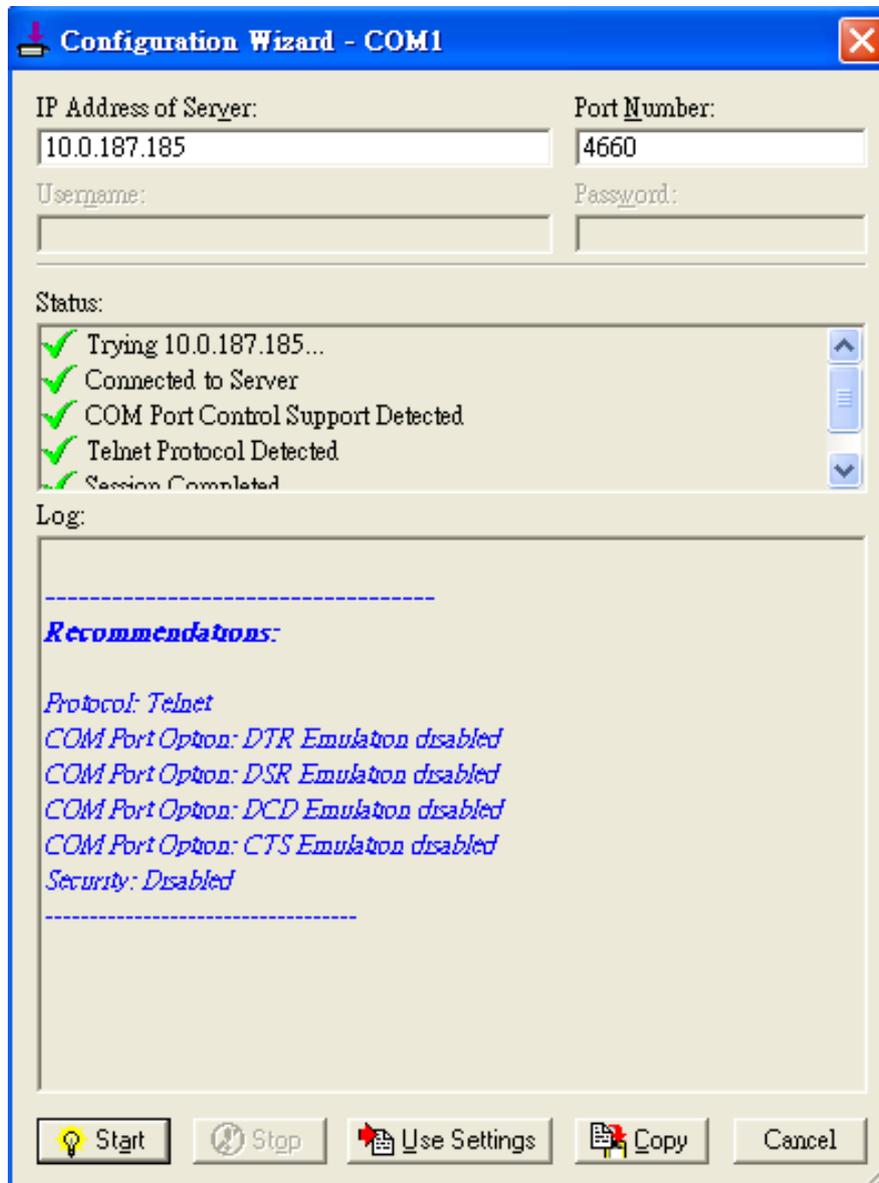


Figure 8.9

## 8.2.4 Exceptions

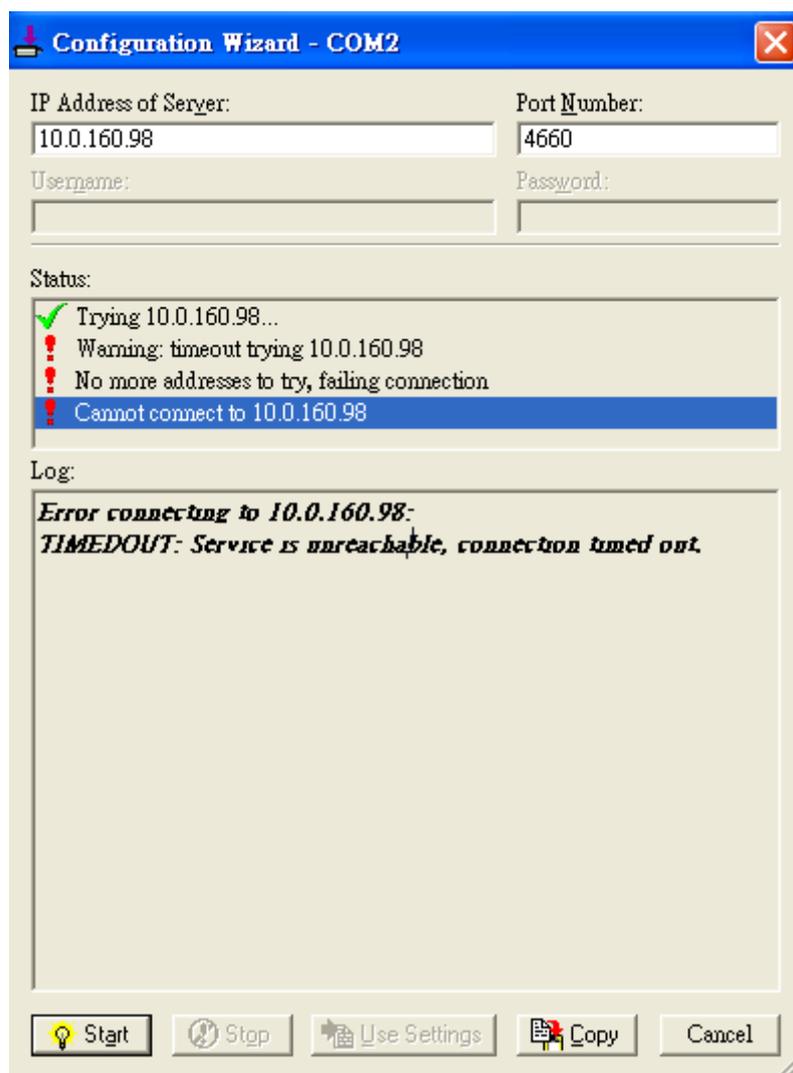


Figure 8.10

If the exclamation mark begins with **Warning: timeout trying x.x.x.x** as in Figure 8.10, recheck the **VCOM IP** and **Port configuration** or the PC's **network configuration**.

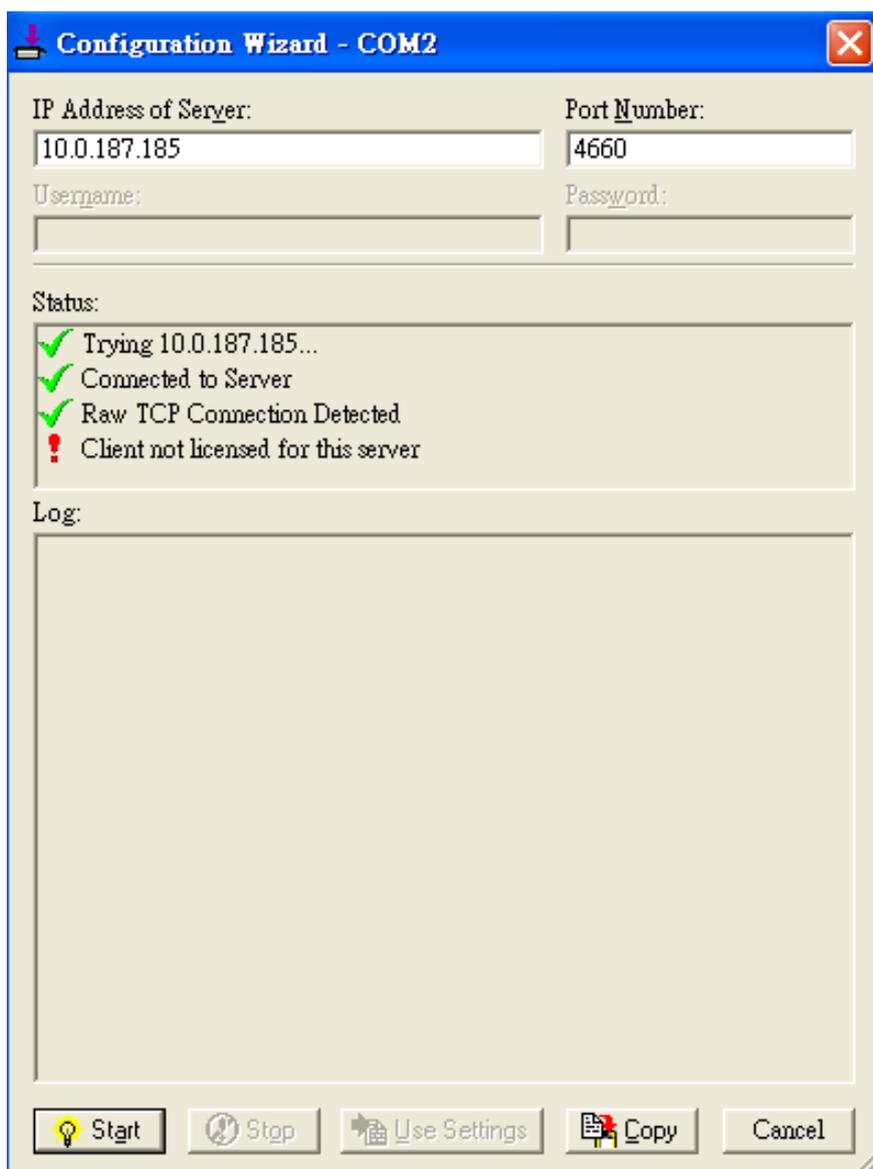


Figure 8.11

If there is a check with **Raw Connection Detected** and an exclamation mark with **Client not licensed for this server**, Figure 8.11, enable VCOM in the serial device server.

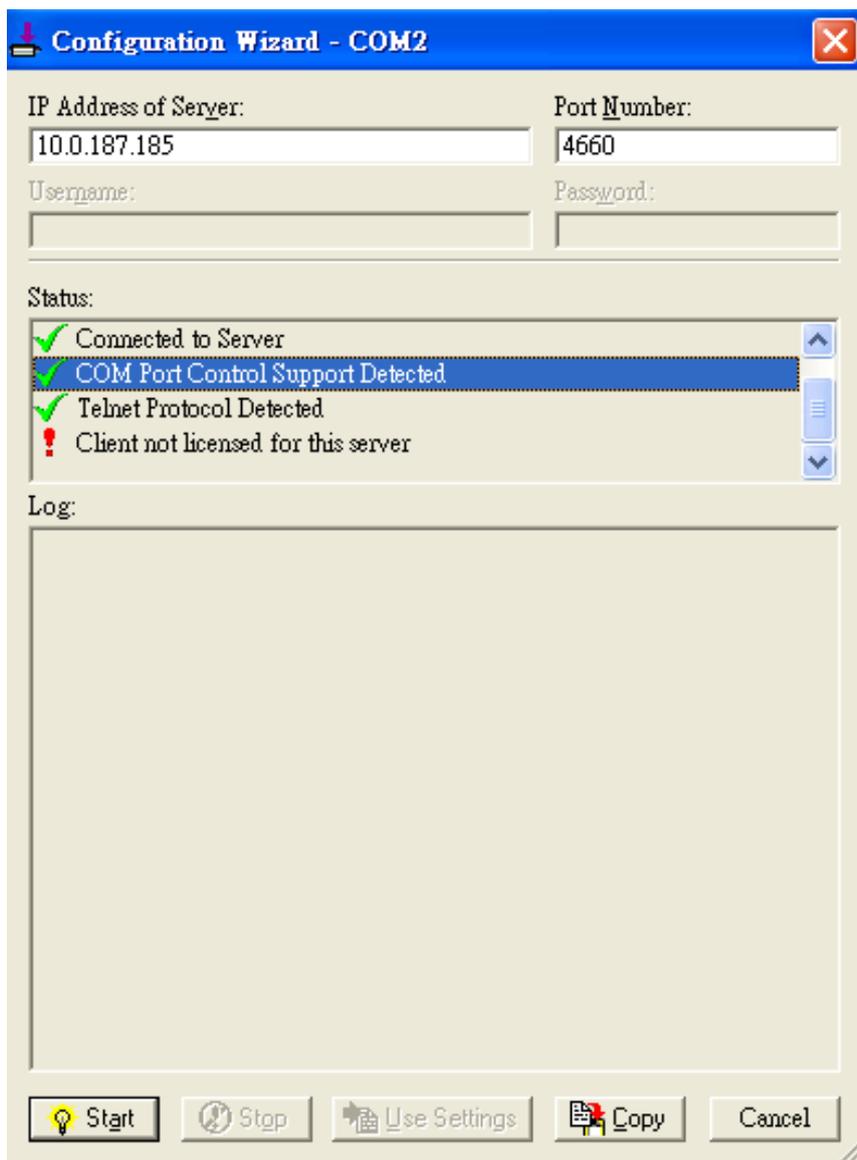


Figure 8.12

If there is a check with **Telnet Protocol Detected** and an exclamation mark with **Client not licensed for this server** as in Figure 8.12, this means that there is a licensing issue between the serial device server and Serial/IP. Please contact Atop technical support to obtain the correct VCOM software.

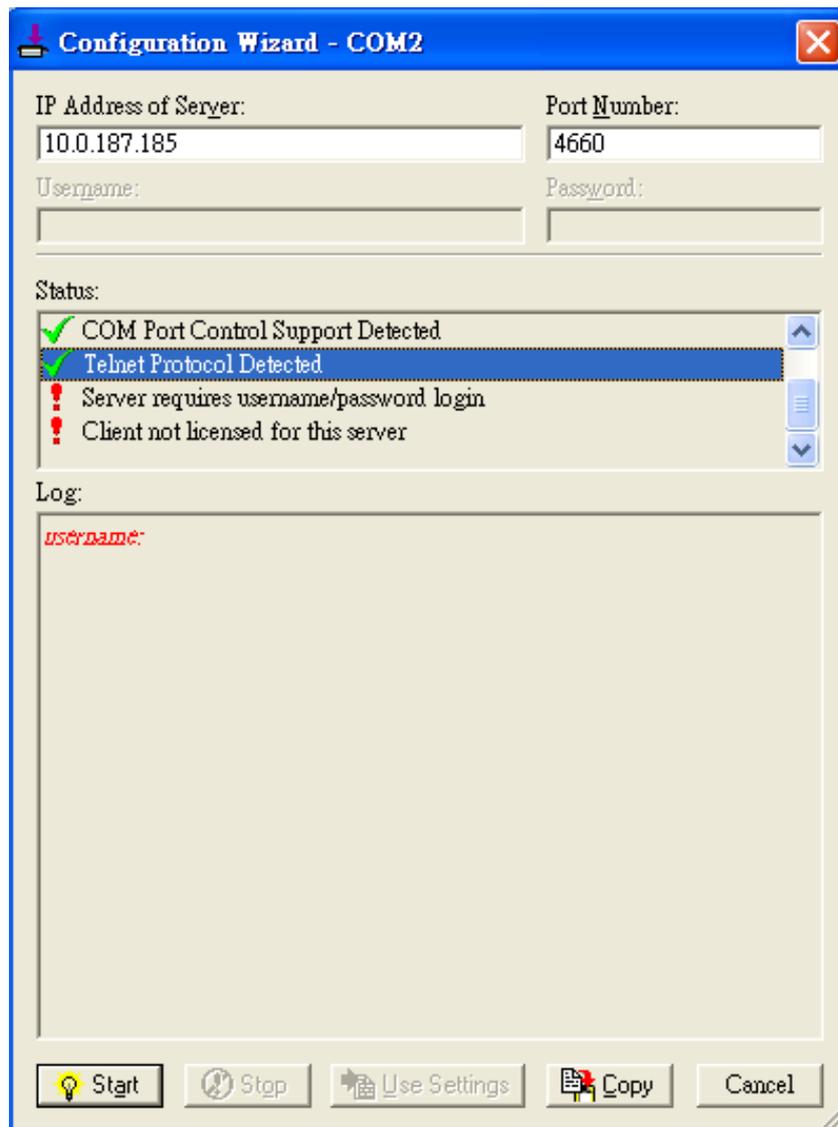


Figure 8.13

If the exclamation mark begins with **Server requires username/password login** Figure 8.13 It means VCOM Authentication in the serial device server is enabled, but credentials in the Serial/IP are not enabled.

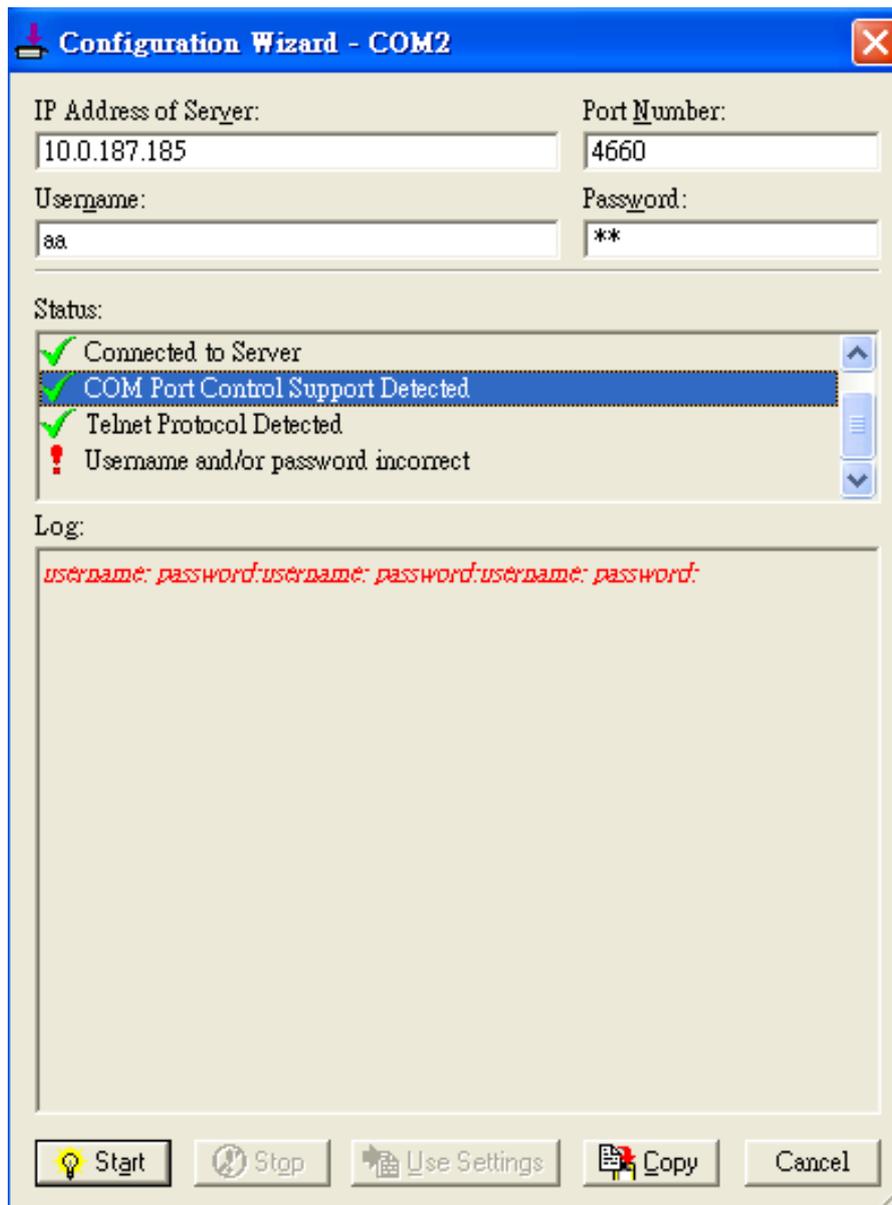


Figure 8.14

If the exclamation mark begins with a **“Username and/or password incorrect”**, Figure 8.14; this means the wrong username and/or password were entered and the authentication process failed.

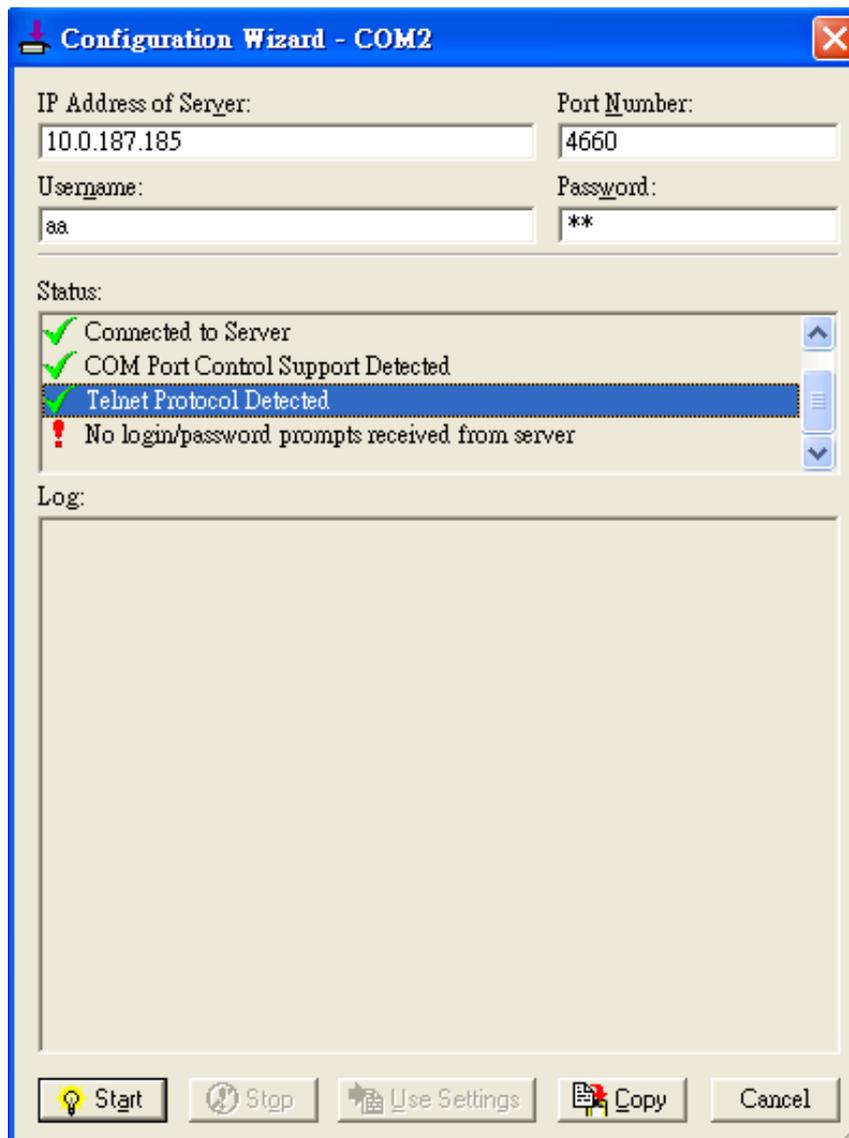


Figure 8.15

If the exclamation mark begins with **No login/password prompts received from server** Figure 8.15, it means credentials in the **Serial/IP** is enabled, but **VCOM Authentication** in the serial device server is not enabled.

## 8.3 Using Serial/IP Port Monitor

### 8.3.1 Opening the Port Monitor

The Serial/IP Port Monitor can be opened by:

- Start → All Programs → Serial/IP → Port Monitor
- Double click the Serial/IP tray icon in the Windows notification area.
- In the Windows notification area, right click in the Serial/IP tray icon and click on **Port Monitor** to open the Port Monitor.
- Click on the **Port Monitor** button in the Serial/IP Control Panel

### 8.3.2 The Activity Panel

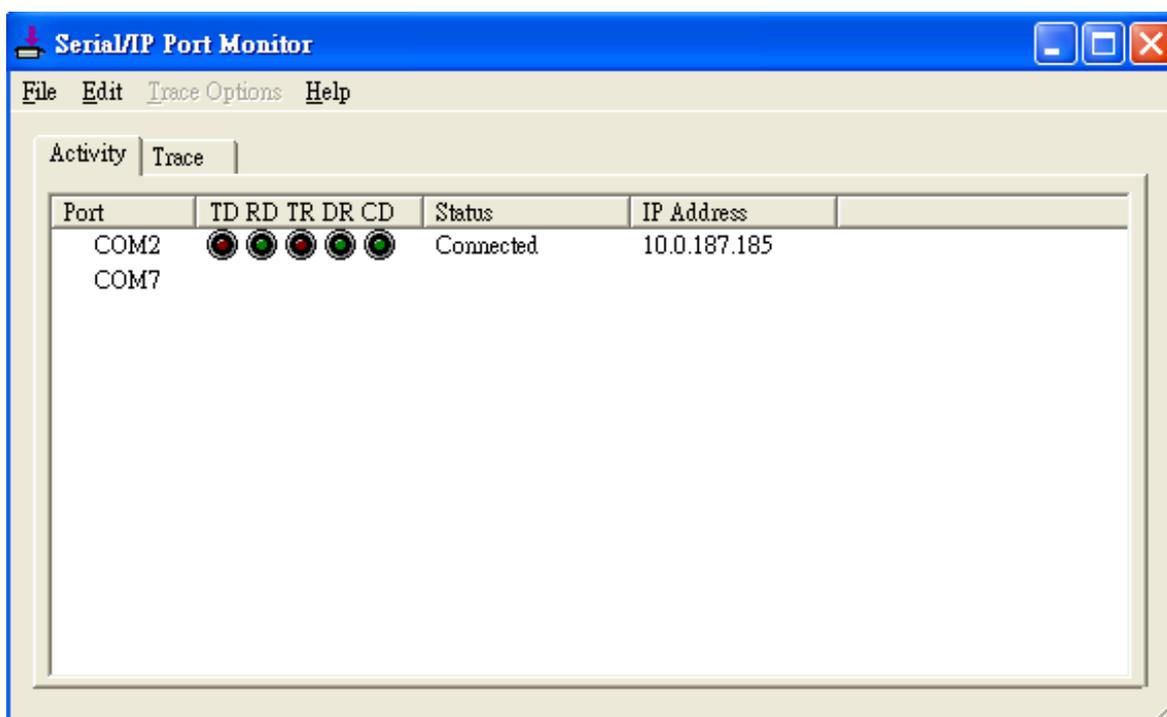


Figure 8.16

The Activity panel provides a real-time display of the status of all Serial/IP COM ports, Figure 8.16. If the Virtual COM Port is open and is properly configured to connect to a serial device server, the status would be **Connected**. If Serial/IP cannot find the specified serial device server, the status would be **Offline**.

### 8.3.3 The Trace Panel

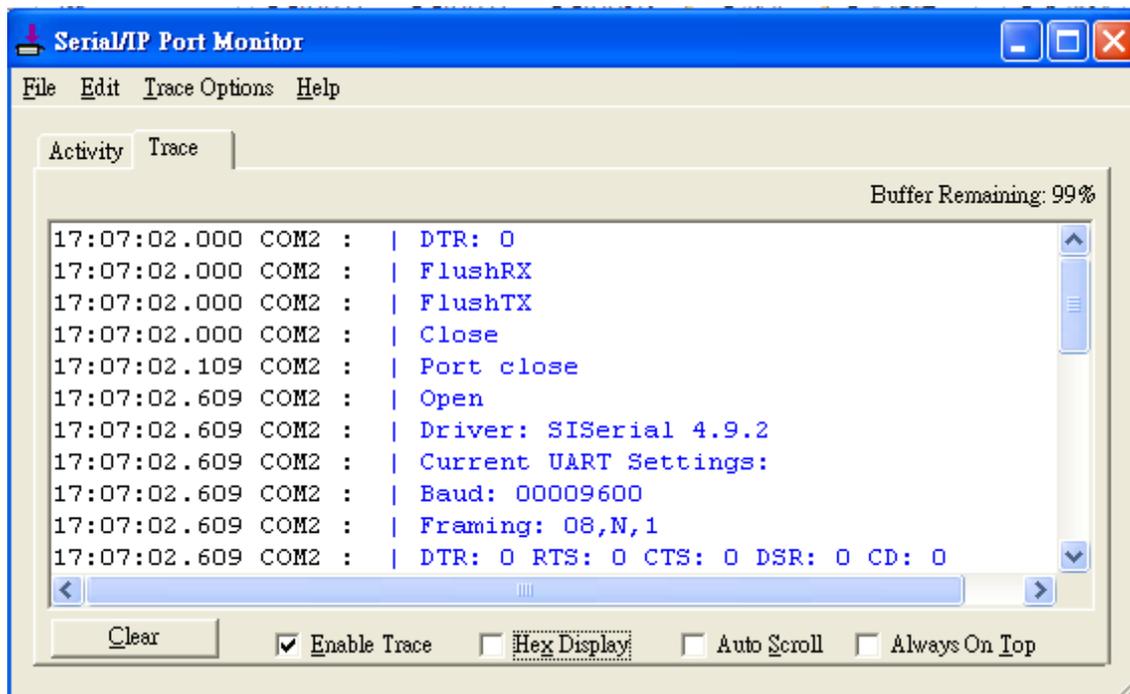


Figure 8.17

The Trace panel provides a detailed, time-stamped, real-time display of all Serial/IP COM ports operations, Figure 8.17. Click on **Enable Trace** to start logging Virtual COM communication. Click on File → Save As and send the log to Atop for analysis if problems arise with Virtual COM.

### 8.3.4 Serial/IP Advanced Settings

In the Serial/IP Control Panel, Click on the **Advanced** button to open Advanced Settings window, Figure 8.18. Click on **Use Default Settings** to load the default settings.

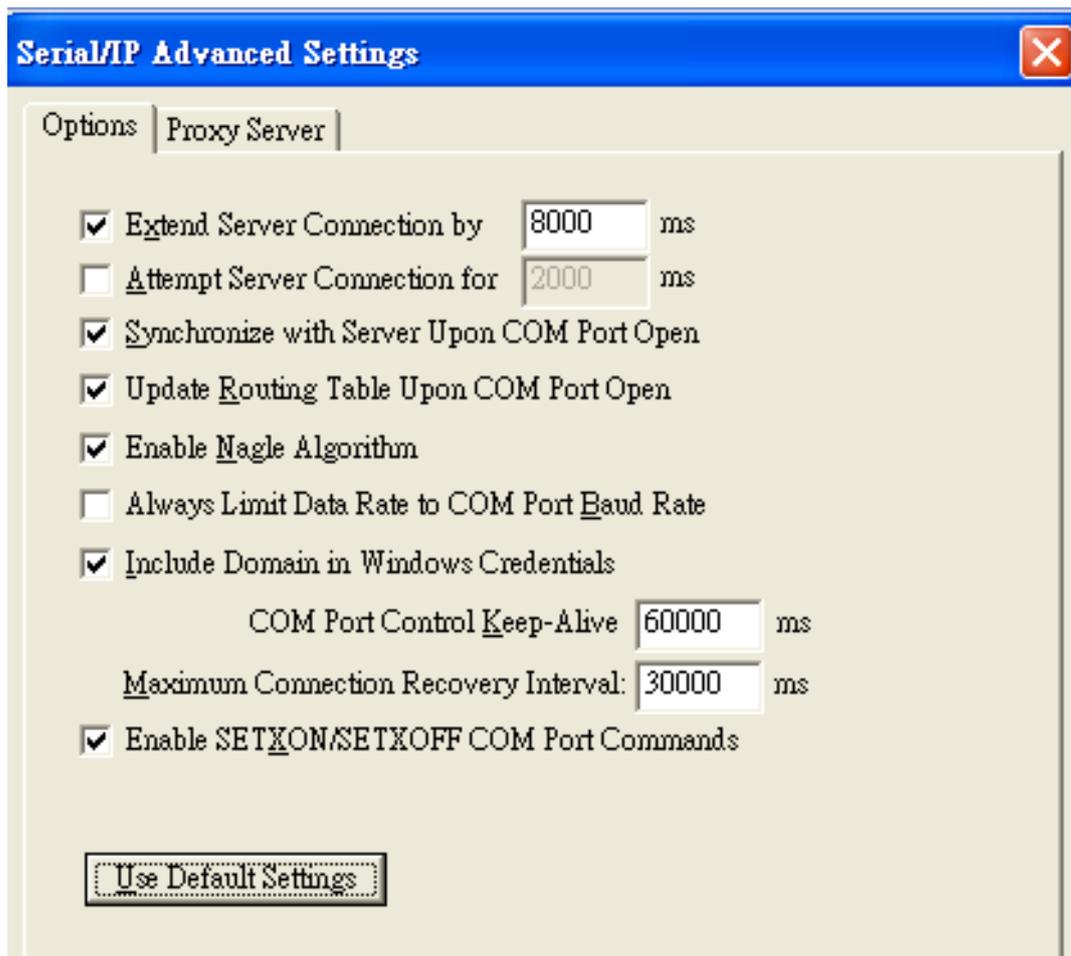


Figure 8.18

- **Extend Server Connection** Maintains the TCP connection for specified amount of time after COM port is closed
- **Attempt Server Connection** Terminates pending connection attempts if they do not succeed in the specified time
- **Synchronize with Server Upon COM Port Open** Required by NT Systems (2000, XP, Vista, 7)
- **Update Routing Table Upon COM Port Open** Maintains IP route to a server in a different subnet by modifying the IP routing table
- **Enable Nagle Algorithm** Provides better network efficiency by imposing a minor latency on the data stream while it waits to fill network packets
- **Always Limit Data Rate to COM Port Baud Rate** Limits the data rate to the baud rate that is in effect for the virtual COM port
- **Attempt Server Connection** If credential is set to Windows Credentials, VCOM automatically adds the current Windows domain to the username
- **COM Port Control Keep-Alive** Controls the interval at which VCOM will issue the

keep-alive message, if no there is no activity

- **Maximum Connection Recovery Interval** Controls the maximum time for “Restore Failed Connection”

**Enable SETXON/SETXOFF COM Port Commands** This option enables additional negotiation on SETXON and SETXOFF commands and is only available for the “V” series serial device servers. If the application requires SETXON/SETXOFF feature, please contact Atop Tech Support.

### 8.3.5 Using Serial/IP with a Proxy Server

The Serial/IP Redirector supports TCP network connections made through a proxy server, which may be controlling access to external networks (such as the Internet) from a private network that lacks transparent IP-based routing, such as NAT. Find Proxy Server settings from the Advanced Settings windows and switch to the **Proxy Server** tab, Figure 8.19.

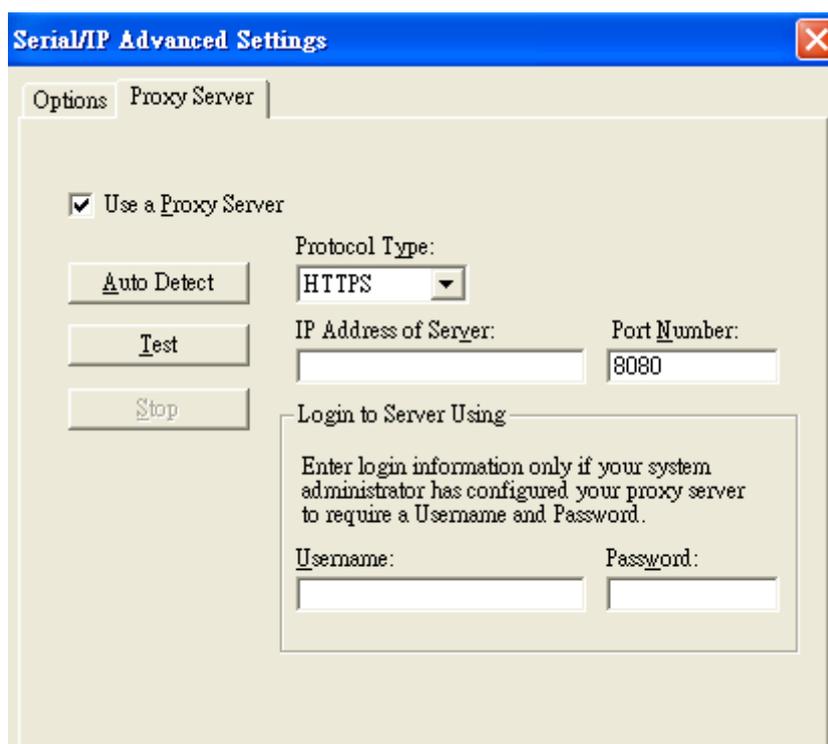


Figure 8.19

## 9 Specifications

### 9.1 Hardware

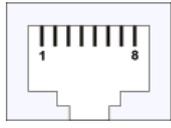
Network Interface	
Ethernet	2x RJ'45 IEEE802.3u 10/100 Mbps
Auto MDI/MID-X	Yes
Serial Interface	
Connector	RJ-45 RS-232 or RS-422/485
Ports	8 or 16 Ports
Baud Rate	300~921600Kbps
Parity	None, Odd, Even, Space, Mark
Data Bits	5,6,7,8
Stop Bits	1,2
Flow Control	None, Xon/Xoff, RTS/CTS (RS-232 only)
Power Characteristics	
Input Voltage	100~240 VAC (AC models) / 24-48 VDC (DC models)
Input Current (100VAC)	0.21A (AC models) / 0.54A (DC models)
Power Consumption	21W (AC models) / 13W (DC models)
Power Redundancy	No
Reverse Polarity Protection	Yes
Connector	AC Inlet or DC TB3
Mechanicals	
Dimensions	436 mm x 43.5 mm x 200 mm
Installation	19" Rack Mount
Reset Button	Yes
Weight	3200 g
Environmental Limits	
Operating Temperature	-20°C~70°C (-4°F~158°F)
Storage Temperature	-40°C~85°C (-40°F~185°F)
Ambient Relative Humidity	5~95% RH, (non-condensing)

## 9.2 Software

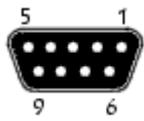
Protocols	DHCP Client, DNS, ERPS, HTTP, ICMP, IPv4, NTP, RFC2217, SMTP, SNMP, STP, Syslog, TCP, Telnet, UDP
Configuration	Device Management Utility, Web UI, Serial console, Telnet
Virtual COM	Windows / Linux redirection software
Link Modes	
TCP Server	4 connections, Virtual COM, or Reverse Telnet
TCP Client	Dual destinations or Virtual COM
UDP	Up to 8 ranges of IPs

## 9.3 Pin Assignments

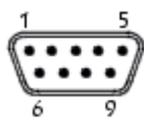
### 9.3.1 Serial and RJ-45 Connectors

		Ethernet	RS-232	RS-422	RS-485
	Pin 1	Tx+	RTS	-	-
	Pin 2	Tx-	DTR	TX-	-
	Pin 3	Rx+	TXD	TX+	-
	Pin 4		SG	SG	SG
	Pin 5		SG	SG	SG
	Pin 6	Rx-	RXD	RX+	Data+
	Pin 7		DSR	RX-	Data-
	Pin 8		CTS	-	-

### 9.3.2 Serial and Female DB9 Connectors

	RS-232	RS-485	RS-422
Pin 1	-	-	-
Pin 2	RXD	Data+	RX+
Pin 3	TXD	-	TX+
Pin 4	DTR	-	TX-
Pin 5	SG	SG	SG
Pin 6	DSR	Data-	RX-
Pin 7	RTS	-	-
Pin 8	CTS	-	-
Pin 9	-	-	-

### 9.3.3 Serial and Male DB9 Connectors

	RS-232	RS-485	RS-422
Pin 1	-	-	-
Pin 2	RXD	Data+	RX+
Pin 3	TXD	-	TX+
Pin 4	DTR	-	TX-
Pin 5	SG	SG	SG
Pin 6	DSR	Data-	RX-
Pin 7	RTS	-	-
Pin 8	CTS	-	-
Pin 9	-	-	-

\*This cable (RJ-45 to Male DB9) is included in the package.

### 9.3.4 RJ-45 to Female DB9 Connection

RJ45		Cross Over Female DB9		
				
RTS	Pin 1	↔	Pin 8	CTS
DTR	Pin 2	↔	Pin 6	DSR
TXD	Pin 3	↔	Pin 2	RXD
SG	Pin 4	↔	Pin 5	GND
SG	Pin 5			
RXD	Pin 6	↔	Pin 3	TXD
DSR	Pin 7	↔	Pin 4	DTR
CTS	Pin 8	↔	Pin 7	RTS

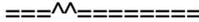
### 9.3.1 RJ-45 to Male DB9 Connection

RJ45		Straight Through Male DB9		
				
RTS	Pin 1	↔	Pin 7	RTS
DTR	Pin 2	↔	Pin 4	DTR
TXD	Pin 3	↔	Pin 3	TXD
SG	Pin 4	↔	Pin 5	SG
SG	Pin 5			
RXD	Pin 6	↔	Pin 2	RXD
DSR	Pin 7	↔	Pin 6	DSR
CTS	Pin 8	↔	Pin 8	CTS

## 9.4 LED Indicators

Name	Color	Status	Message
Power	Green	On	System is powered on
		Off	System is not powered on
Ready	Green	Off	System is not ready or halt
		Blinking	AP firmware is running normally
COM (Tx / Rx)	Green	Blinking	Data is transmitting on COM port
		Off	No data is transmitting
LAN	Orange	On	Ethernet is connected at 100Mbps
		Off	Ethernet is connected at 10Mbps or Disconnected
	Green	Blinking	Data is transmitting on this port
		Off	Ethernet is Disconnected

## 9.5 Buzzer

Message	Description
	Startup OK and AP firmware is enabled

“^” Beep

“=” Beep off

## 10 Upgrade System Firmware

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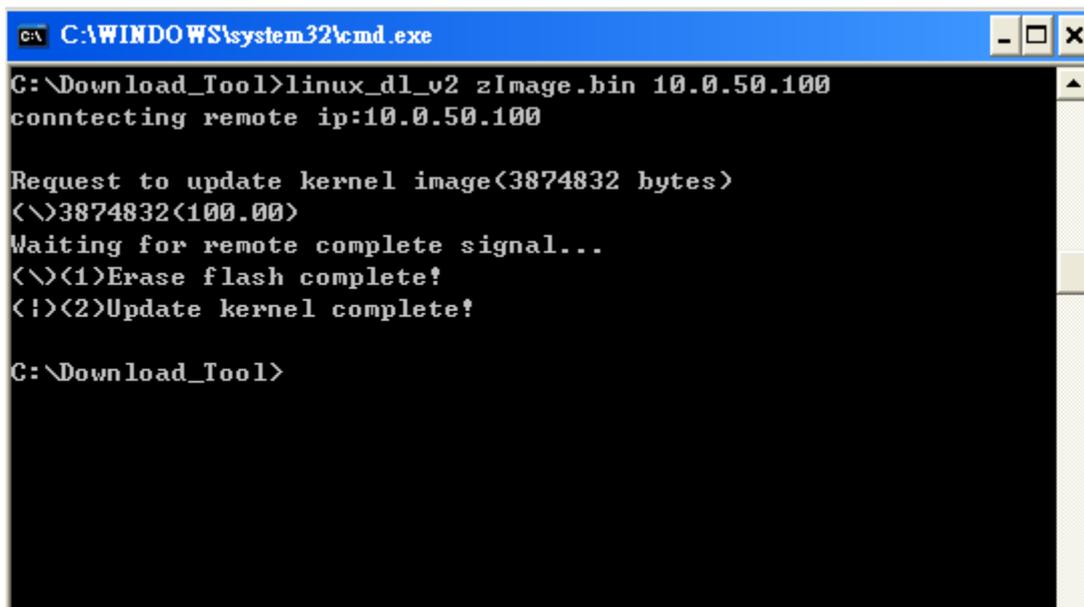
### 10.1 Upgrade Procedure

- Obtain new firmware from <http://www.atop.com.tw>
- Make sure the PC and the SE5416A Series are on the same network; use the ping command or **Management Utility** © utility for it.
- Edit “dll.bat” to fit the system requirements, be sure to save your settings before.
- Run linux\_dl, for example: linux\_dl\_v2\_zImage.bin 10.0.50.100
- SE5416A Series will automatically restart each time after the firmware is successfully downloaded. The upgrade process should take around one minute.

---

**Note:** Note: “linux\_dl\_v2” is the executable upgrade and zImage.bin is the firmware file name; xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx is the SE5416A Series’ IP address.

---



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
C:\Download_Tool>linux_dl_v2 zImage.bin 10.0.50.100
connecting remote ip:10.0.50.100

Request to update kernel image(3874832 bytes)
(\)3874832(100.00)
Waiting for remote complete signal...
(\)(1)Erase flash complete!
(!)(2)Update kernel complete!

C:\Download_Tool>
```

## 11 Warranty

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### Limited Warranty Conditions

Products supplied by us are covered in this warranty for undesired performance or defects resulting from shipping, or any other event deemed to be the result of Atop Technologies' mishandling. The warranty does not cover however, equipment which has been damaged due to accident, misuse, abuse, such as:

- Use of incorrect power supply, connectors, or maintenance procedures
- Use of accessories not sanctioned by us
- Improper or insufficient ventilation
- Improper or unauthorized repair
- Replacement with unauthorized parts
- Failure to follow Our operating Instructions
- Fire, flood, "Act of God", or any other contingencies beyond our control.

### RMA and Shipping Reimbursement

- Customers must always obtain an authorized "RMA" number from us before shipping the goods to be repaired.
- When in normal use, a sold product shall be replaced with a new one within 3 months upon purchase. The shipping cost from the customer to us will be reimbursed.
- After 3 months and still within the warranty period, it is up to us whether to replace the unit with a new one; normally, as long as a product is under warranty, all parts and labor are free of charge to the customers.
- After the warranty period, the customer shall cover the cost for parts and labor.
- Three months after purchase, the shipping cost from you to us will not be reimbursed, but the shipping costs from us to the customer will be paid by us.

### Limited Liability

Atop Technologies Inc., shall not be held responsible for any consequential losses from using our products.

### Warranty

Atop Technologies Inc., gives a 5 years max for Industrial Serial Device Servers.